ORDINANCE NO.

61-09

FILE NO. 090181

[Planning Code Amendments in connection with the Balboa Park Station Area Plan.]

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Ordinance amending the San Francisco Planning Code by adding and amending various sections to implement the Balboa Park Station Area Plan, running the length of Ocean Avenue generally from Manor Drive to San Jose Avenue, including properties adjacent to Geneva Avenue from Ocean Avenue to San Jose Avenue and properties adjacent to San Jose Avenue from Mt. Vernon Avenue to Ocean Avenue, and including the City College of San Francisco Phelan campus and San Francisco Public Utilities Commission property adjacent to Phelan Avenue; adopting the Balboa Park Station Area Plan impact fee subject to certain restrictions; and making various findings, including environmental findings and findings of consistency with the General Plan and priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1.

Additions are single-underline italics Times New Roman;

deletions are strike-through italies Times New Roman.
Board amendment additions are double-underlined;
Board amendment deletions are strikethrough normal.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

Section 1. Findings.

NOTE:

- (a) Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, this Board of Supervisors finds that this Ordinance will serve the public necessity, convenience, and welfare for the reasons set forth in Planning Commission Resolution No. 17777, and incorporates those reasons herein by reference. A copy of said Planning Commission Resolution is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. __090181_____.
- (b) The Board of Supervisors finds that this Ordinance is, on balance, consistent with the General Plan and the Priority Policies of Planning Code Section 101.1(b) for the reasons set

reasons set forth in Planning Commission Resolution No. 17777, and incorporates those reasons herein by reference.

- (c) In accordance with the actions contemplated herein, this Board adopted Ordinance No. 60-09, concerning findings pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources Code sections 21000 et seq.). A copy of said Ordinance is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 990180 and is incorporated by reference herein.
- (d) Notwithstanding any contrary technical requirements that may exist in the Planning or Administrative Codes, the Board hereby finds that the Planning Department provided adequate notice for all documents and decisions, including environmental documents, related to the Balboa Park Station Area Plan. This finding is based on the extensive mailed, posted, electronic, and published notices that the Planning Department provided. Copies of such notices are available for review through the Custodian of Records at the Planning Department, 1650 Mission Street, San Francisco.

Section 2. The San Francisco Planning Code is hereby amended by amending and adding Sections 102.5, 121.1, 121.2, 121.6, 124, 134, 135, 145.5, 151.1, 155, 201, 312, 330, 607.1, 702, 711, 733, 734, 737, and 781.3 to read as follows:

SEC. 102.5. DISTRICT.

A portion of the territory of the City, as shown on the Zoning Map, within which certain regulations and requirements or various combinations thereof apply under the provisions of this Code. The term "district" shall include any use, special use, height and bulk, or special sign district. The term "R District" shall mean any RH-1(D), RH-1, RH-1(S), RH-2, RH-3, RM-1, RM-2, RM-3, RM-4, RTO, RTO-M, RC-1, RC-2, RC-3, RC-4 or RED District. The term "C District" shall mean any C-1, C-2, C-3, or C-M District. The term "RTO District" shall be that subset of R Districts which are the RTO and RTO-M District. The term "M District" shall mean

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any M-1 or M-2 District. The term "PDR District" shall mean any PDR-1-B, PDR-1-D, PDR-1-G, or PDR-2 District. The term "RH District" shall mean any RH-1(D), RH-1, RH-1(S), RH-2, or RH-3 District. The term "RM District" shall mean any RM-1, RM-2, RM-3, or RM-4 District. The term "RC District" shall mean any RC-1, RC-2, RC-3, or RC-4 District. The term "C-3 District" shall mean any C-3-O, C-3-R, C-3-G, or C-3-S District. For the purposes of Section 128 and Article 11 of this Code, the term "C-3 District" shall also include the Extended Preservation District designated on Section Map 3SU of the Zoning Map. The term "NC District" shall mean any NC-1, NC-2, NC-3, NC-T, NC-S, and any Neighborhood Commercial District and Neighborhood Commercial Transit District identified by street or area name in Section 702.1. The term "NCT" shall mean any district listed in Section 702.1(b), including any NCT-1, NCT-2, NCT-3 and any Neighborhood Commercial Transit District identified by street or area name. The term "Mixed Use" District shall mean all Chinatown Mixed Use, South of Market Mixed Use, Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use, and Downtown Residential Districts. The term "Chinatown Mixed Use District" shall mean any Chinatown CB, Chinatown VR, or Chinatown R/NC-District named in Section 802.1. The term "South of Market Mixed Use Districts" shall refer to all RED, RSD, SLR, SLI, or SSO Districts named in Section 802.1. The term "Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts" shall refer to all SPD, MUG, MUO, MUR, and UMU named in Section 802.1. The term "DTR District" or "Downtown Residential District" shall refer to any Downtown Residential District identified by street or area name in Section 825, 827, 828, and 829.

SEC. 121.1. DEVELOPMENT OF LARGE LOTS, NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS.

In order to promote, protect, and maintain a scale of development which is appropriate to each district and compatible with adjacent buildings, new construction or significant enlargement of existing buildings on lots of the same size or larger than the square footage

stated in the table below shall be permitted only as conditional uses subject to the provisions set forth in Sections 316 through 316.8 of this Code.

District	Lot Size Limits
NC-1, <u>NCT-1</u>	
Broadway,	
Castro Street,	
Inner Clement Street,	
Inner Sunset,	
Outer Clement Street,	
Upper Fillmore Street,	
Haight Street,	5,000 sq. ft.
North Beach,	
Sacramento Street,	
Union Street,	
24th Street-Mission,	
24th Street-Noe	
Valley,	_
West Portal Avenue	
NC-2, NCT-2, <u>Ocean Ave</u>	10,000 sq. ft.

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NC-3, NCT-3, Mission Street	
SoMa	
Hayes-Gough,	
Upper Market Street,	
Polk Street,	
Valencia Street	
NC-S	Not Applicable

In addition to the criteria of Section 303(c) of this Code, the City Planning Commission shall consider the extent to which the following criteria are met:

- (1) The mass and facade of the proposed structure are compatible with the existing scale of the district.
- (2) The facade of the proposed structure is compatible with design features of adjacent facades that contribute to the positive visual quality of the district.

SEC. 121.2. USE SIZE LIMITS (NON-RESIDENTIAL), NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS.

(a) In order to protect and maintain a scale of development appropriate to each district, nonresidential uses of the same size or larger than the square footage stated in the table below may be permitted only as conditional uses subject to the provisions set forth in Sections 316 through 316.8 of this Code. The use area shall be measured as the gross floor area for each individual nonresidential use.

District		Lot Size Limits

North Beach	2 000 og ft
Castro Street	2,000 sq. ft.
Inner Clement Street	
Inner Sunset	
Outer Clement Street	
Upper Fillmore Street	
Haight Street	2 500 og ft
Sacramento Street	2,500 sq. ft.
Union Street	
24th Street-Mission	
24th Street-Noe Valley	
West Portal Avenue	
NC-1 <u>, NCT-1</u>	
Broadway	
Hayes-Gough	2 000 ag ft
Upper Market Street	3,000 sq. ft.
Polk Street	
Valencia Street	
NC-2 , NCT-2, SoMa <u>, Ocean Avenue</u>	4,000 sq. ft.

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NC-3, NCT-3, Mission Street		
NC-S	6,000 sq. ft.	

In addition to the criteria of Section 303(c) of this Code, the Commission shall consider the extent to which the following criteria are met:

- (1) The intensity of activity in the district is not such that allowing the larger use will be likely to foreclose the location of other needed neighborhood-serving uses in the area.
- (2) The proposed use will se the neighbor-hood, in whole or in significant part, and the nature of the use requires a larger size in order to function.
- (3) The building in which the use is to be located is designed in discrete elements which respect the scale of development in the district.
- (b) In order to protect and maintain a scale of development appropriate to each district, nonresidential uses which exceed the square footage stated in the table below shall not be permitted, except that in the North Beach Neighborhood Commercial District this Subsection 121.2(b) shall not apply to a Movie Theater use as defined in Section 790.64 or Other Entertainment use as defined in Section 790.38 in a building existing prior to November 1, 1999, that was originally constructed as a multi-story, single-tenant commercial occupancy. The use area shall be measured as the gross floor area for each individual nonresidential use.

District	Lot Size Limits
West Portal Avenue	
North Beach	4,000 sq. ft.
Castro Street	

SEC. 121.6. RESTRICTION OF LOT MERGERS IN RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS AND ON PEDESTRIAN-ORIENTED STREETS.

In order to promote, protect, and maintain a fine-grain scale of development in residential districts and on important pedestrian-oriented commercial streets which is appropriate to each district, compatible with adjacent buildings; provide for a diverse streetscape; ensure the maintenance and creation of multiple unique buildings and building frontages rather than large single structures superficially treated; promote diversity and multiplicity of land ownership and discourage consolidation of property under single ownership, merger of lots in RTO and NCT Districts are regulated as follows:

- (a) In RTO districts, merger of lots creating a lot greater than 5,000 square feet shall not be permitted except according to the procedures and criteria in subsections (d) and (e) below.
- (b) In NCT districts, merger of lots resulting in a lot with street frontage greater than that stated in the table below on the specified streets is prohibited except according to the procedures and criteria in subsections (c) and (d) below.

Street	Lot Frontage Limit
Hayes, from Franklin to Laguna	50 feet
Church Street, from Duboce to 16 th Street	100
Market, from Octavia to Noe	150

See subsection (e)
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- (c) The Zoning Administrator may administratively waive certain lot mergers from the restrictions of subsections (b) and (c) only when one or more of the following conditions is present:
 - (1) One of the lots to be merged has total street frontage on the restricted street of less than 20 feet; or
 - (2) Project sponsor is a government agency or institution subject to Section 304.5 of this Code, and the purpose of the project is for a public facility, public building, or institutional building; or
 - (3) The project involves normalizing of irregular parcels that are publicly owned or are being transferred from public to private ownership, including lots of the former Central Freeway; or
 - (4) The lots to be merged contain a pre-existing single building spanning multiple lots; or
 - (5) The lot merger will enable a specific residential project in which a majority of the units on-site will be affordable to households at or below 60% of Area Median Income for at least 55 years.
- (d) The Planning Commission may approve, as a conditional use according to the procedures of Section 303, permit mergers exceeding the restrictions of subsections (b) and (c) only when one or more of the following findings can affirmatively be made and the project meets the intent of this Section as expressed in subsection (a):

- (1) The lot merger will enable a specific residential project that provides housing on-site at affordability levels significantly exceeding the requirements of Section 315.
- (2) The lot merger will facilitate development of an underutilized site historically used as a single use and the new project is comprised of multiple individual buildings
- (3) The lot merger serves a unique public interest that cannot be met by building a project on a smaller lot.
- (e) In the Ocean Avenue NCT, no lot merger which increases the frontage width of any lot on

 Ocean Avenue may be permitted except as permitted administratively by subsection (c) above or with a

 Conditional Use according to the procedures of Section 303 where such a merger creates a corner

 parcel for the purpose of accommodating access to off-street from a cross street to Ocean Avenue.

SEC. 124. BASIC FLOOR AREA RATIO.

(a) Except as provided in Subsections (b), (c) and (e) of this Section, the basic floor area ratio limits specified in the following table shall apply to each building or development in the districts indicated.

TABLE 124

BASIC FLOOR AREA RATIO LIMITS

	1
	Basic
	Floor
District	Area
	Ratio
	Limit
RH-1(D), RH-1, RH-1(S), RH-2, RH-3, RM-1, RM-2, RTO, RTO-M	1.8 to 1

RM-3	3.6 to 1
RM-4	4.8 to 1
RC-1, RC-2	1.8 to 1
RC-3	3.6 to 1
RC-4	4.8 to 1
RED	1.0 to 1
RSD, SPD	1.8 to 1
NC-1, <u>NCT-1</u>	
NC-S	
Inner Clement	
Inner Sunset	
Outer Clement	
Haight	1.8 to 1
North Beach	
Sacramento	
24th StreetNoe Valley	
West Portal	
NC-2, NCT-2, SoMa, Ocean Avenue	-
Broadway	2.5 to 1

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Upper Fillmore	
Polk	
Valencia	
24th Street-Mission	
Castro	
Hayes-Gough	
Upper Market	3.0 to 1
Union	
NC-3, NCT-3, Mission Street	3.6 to 1
Chinatown R/NC	1.0 to 1
Chinatown VR	2.0 to 1
Chinatown CB	2.8 to 1
C-1, C-2	3.6 to 1
C-2-C	4.8 to 1
C-3-C	6.0 to 1
C-3-O	9.0 to 1
C-3-R	6.0 to 1
C-3-G	6.0 to 1
C-3-S	5.0 to 1

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C-3-O (SD)	6.0 to 1
C-3-S (SU)	7.5 to 1
C-M	9.0 to 1
M-1, M-2	5.0 to 1
SLR, SLI	2.5 to 1
SSO and in a 40 or 50 foot height district	3.0 to 1
SSO and in a 65 or 80 foot height district	4.0 to 1
SSO and in a 130 foot height district	4.5 to 1
MUG, MUO, MUR, UMU, PDR-1-B, PDR-1-D, PDR-1-G, and PDR-2 in a 40, 45, or 48 foot height district	3.0 to 1
MUG, MUO, MUR, UMU, PDR-1-B, PDR-1-D, PDR-1-G, and PDR-2 in a 50, 55, or 58 foot height district	4.0 to 1
MUG, MUO, MUR, UMU, PDR-1-B, PDR-1-D, PDR-1-G, and PDR-2 in a 65 or 68 foot height district	5.0 to 1
MUG, MUO, MUR, UMU, PDR-1-B, PDR-1-D, PDR-1-G, and PDR-2 in a 85 foot height district	6.0 to 1
MUG, MUO, MUR, UMU, PDR-1-B, PDR-1-D, PDR-1-G, and PDR-2 in a height district over 85 feet	7.5 to 1

(b) In R, NC, and Mixed Use Districts_the above floor area ratio limits shall not apply to dwellings or to other residential uses. In NC Districts, the above floor area ratio limits shall also not apply to non-accessory off-street parking. In Chinatown Mixed Use Districts, the

above floor area ratio limits shall not apply to institutions, and mezzanine commercial space shall not be calculated as part of the floor area ratio.

- (c) In a C-2 District the basic floor area ratio limit shall be 4.8 to 1 for a lot which is nearer to an RM-4 or RC-4 District than to any other R District, and 10.0 to 1 for a lot which is nearer to a C-3 District than to any R District. The distance to the nearest R District or C-3 District shall be measured from the midpoint of the front line, or from a point directly across the street there from, whichever gives the greatest ratio.
- (d) In the Van Ness Special Use District, as described in Section 243 of this Code, the basic floor area ratio limit shall be 7.0 to 1 where the height limit is 130 feet and 4.5 to 1 where the height limit is 80 feet.
- (e) In the Waterfront Special Use Districts, as described in Sections 240 through 240.3 of this Code, the basic floor area ratio limit in any C District shall be 5.0 to 1.
- (f) For buildings in C-3-G and C-3-S Districts other than those designated as Significant or Contributory pursuant to Article 11 of this Code, additional square footage above that permitted by the base floor area ratio limits set forth above may be approved for construction of dwellings on the site of the building affordable for 20 years to households whose incomes are within 150 percent of the median income as defined herein, in accordance with the conditional use procedures and criteria as provided in Section303 of this Code. For buildings in the C-3-G District designated as Significant or Contributory pursuant to Article 11 of this Code, additional square footage above that permitted by the base floor area ratio limits set forth above up to the gross floor area of the existing building may be approved, in accordance with the conditional use procedures and criteria as provided in Section 303 of this Code, where: (i) TDRs (as defined by Section 128(a)(5)) were transferred from the lot containing the Significant or Contributory building prior to the effective date of the amendment to Section 124(f) adding this paragraph when the floor area transferred was occupied by a

non-profit corporation or institution meeting the requirements for exclusion from gross floor area calculation under Planning Code Section 102.9(b)(15); (ii) the additional square footage includes only the amount necessary to accommodate dwelling units and/or group housing units that are affordable for not less than 50 years to households whose incomes are within 60 percent of the median income as defined herein together with any social, educational, and health service space accessory to such units; and (iii) the proposed change in use to dwelling units and accessory space and any construction associated therewith, if it requires any alternation to the exterior or other character defining features of the Significant or Contributory Building, is undertaken pursuant to the duly approved Permit to Alter, pursuant to Section 1110; provided, however, that the procedures otherwise required for a Major Alteration as set forth in sections 1111.2-1111.6 shall be deemed applicable to any such Permit to Alter.

- (1) Any dwelling approved for construction under this provision shall be deemed a "designated unit" as defined below. Prior to the issuance by the Director of the Department of Building Inspection ("Director of Building Inspection") of a site or building permit to construct any designated unit subject to this Section, the permit applicant shall notify the Director of Planning and the Director of Property in writing whether the unit will be an owned or rental unit as defined in Section 313(a) of this Code.
- (2) Within 60 days after the issuance by the Director of Building Inspection of a site or building permit for construction of any unit intended to be an owned unit, the Director of Planning shall notify the City Engineer in writing identifying the intended owned unit, and the Director of Property shall appraise the fair market value of such unit as of the date of the appraisal, applying accepted valuation methods, and deliver a written appraisal of the unit to the Director of Planning and the permit applicant. The permit applicant shall supply all information to the Director of Property necessary to appraise the unit, including all plans and specifications.

- (3) Each designated unit shall be subject to the provisions of Section 313(i) of this Code. For purposes of this Subsection and the application of Section 313(i) of this Code to designated units constructed pursuant to this Subsection, the definitions set forth in Section 313(a) shall apply, with the exception of the following definitions, which shall supersede the definitions of the terms set forth in Section 313(a):
- (A) "Base price" shall mean 3.25 times the median income for a family of four persons for the County of San Francisco as set forth in California Administrative Code Section 6932 on the date on which a housing unit is sold.
- (B) "Base rent" shall mean .45 times the median income for the County of San Francisco as set forth in California Administrative Code Section 6932 for a family of a size equivalent to the number of persons residing in a household renting a designated unit.
- (C) "Designated unit" shall mean a housing unit identified and reported to the Director by the sponsor of an office development project subject to this Subsection as a unit that shall be affordable to households of low or moderate income for 20 years.
- (D) "Household of low or moderate income" shall mean a household composed of one or more persons with a combined annual net income for all adult members which does not exceed 150 percent of the qualifying limit for a median income family of a size equivalent to the number of persons residing in such household, as set forth for the County of San Francisco in California Administrative Code Section 6932.
- (E) "Sponsor" shall mean an applicant seeking approval for construction of a project subject to this Subsection and such applicants' successors and assigns.
- (g) The allowable gross floor area on a lot which is the site of an unlawfully demolished building that is governed by the provisions of Article 11 shall be the gross floor area of the demolished building for the period of time set forth in, and in accordance with the

provisions of, Section 1114 of this Code, but not to exceed the basic floor area permitted by this Section.

- (h) In calculating the permitted floor area of a new structure in a C-3 District, the lot on which an existing structure is located may not be included unless the existing structure and the new structure are made part of a single development complex, the existing structure is or is made architecturally compatible with the new structure, and, if the existing structure is in a Conservation District, the existing structure meets or is made to meet the standards of Section 1109(c), and the existing structure meets or is reinforced to meet the standards for seismic loads and forces of the 1975 Building Code. Determinations under this Paragraph shall be made in accordance with the provisions of Section 309.
- (i) In calculating allowable gross floor area on a preservation lot from which any TDRs have been transferred pursuant to Section 128, the amount allowed herein shall be decreased by the amount of gross floor area transferred.
- (j) Within any RSD, SPD, SLR, SLI or SSO District, live/work units constructed above the floor area ratio limit pursuant to Section 102.9(b)(19) of this Code shall be subject to the following conditions and standards:
- (1) Considering all dwelling units and all live/work units on the lot, existing and to be constructed, there shall be no more than one live/work unit and/or dwelling unit per 200 square feet of lot area, except that, for projects in the RSD District which will exceed 40 feet in height, and therefore are required to obtain conditional use approval, the allowable density for dwelling units and live/work units shall be established as part of the conditional use determination; and
- (2) The parking requirement for live/work units subject to this subsection shall be equal to that required for dwelling units within the subject district.

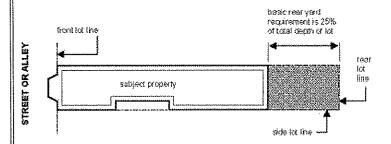
SEC. 134. REAR YARDS, R, NC, C, SPD, M, MUG, MUO, MUR, UMU, RSD, SLR, SLI AND SSO DISTRICTS.

The rear yard requirements established by this Section 134 shall apply to every building in an R, NC-1, NC-2 District or Individual Neighborhood Commercial District as noted in Subsection (a), except those buildings which contain only single room occupancy (SRO) or live/work units and except in the Bernal Heights Special Use District and Residential Character Districts to the extent these provisions are inconsistent with the requirements set forth in Section 242 of this Code. With the exception of dwellings in the South of Market Mixed Use and Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts containing only SRO units, the rear yard requirements of this Section 134 shall also apply to every dwelling in a(n) *MUG*, *MUO*, *MUR*, *UMU*, SPD, RSD, SLR, SLI, SSO, NC-2, NCT-1, NCT-2, NC-3, NCT-3, Individual Area Neighborhood Commercial Transit District, Individual Neighborhood Commercial District as noted in Subsection (a), C or M District. Rear yards shall not be required in NC-S Districts. These requirements are intended to assure the protection and continuation of established midblock, landscaped open spaces, and maintenance of a scale of development appropriate to each district, consistent with the location of adjacent buildings.

- (a) Basic Requirements. The basic rear yard requirements shall be as follows for the districts indicated:
- (1) RH-1(D), RH-1, RH-1(S), RM-3, RM-4, RC-1, RC-2, RC-3, RC-4, NC, C, M, MUG, MUO, MUR, UMU, RED, SPD, RSD, SLR, SLI and SSO Districts. The minimum rear yard depth shall be equal to 25 percent of the total depth of the lot on which the building is situated, but in no case less than 15 feet. For buildings containing only SRO units in the South of Market Mixed Use and Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts, the minimum rear yard depth shall be equal to 25 percent of the total depth of the lot on which the building is situated.

but the required rear yard of SRO buildings not exceeding a height of 65 feet shall be reduced in specific situations as described in Subsection (c) below.

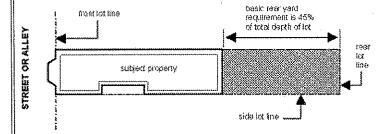
- (A) RH-1(D), RH-1, RH-1(S), RM-3, RM-4, RC-1, NC-1, NC-1, NCT-1, Inner Sunset, Outer Clement Street, Haight Street, Sacramento Street, 24th Street-Noe Valley, and West Portal Avenue Districts. Rear yards shall be provided at grade level and at each succeeding level or story of the building.
- (B) NC-2, NCT-2, <u>Ocean Avenue</u>, Castro Street, Inner Clement Street, Upper Fillmore Street, North Beach, Union Street, Valencia Street, 24th Street-Mission Districts. Rear yards shall be provided at the second story, and at each succeeding story of the building, and at the first story if it contains a dwelling unit.



- (C) RC-2, RC-3, RC-4, NC-3, NCT-3, Broadway, Hayes-Gough, Upper Market Street, SoMa, Mission Street, Polk Street, C, M, RED, SPD, RSD, SLR, SLI, SSO, MUR, MUG, MUO, and UMU Districts. Rear yards shall be provided at the lowest story containing a dwelling unit, and at each succeeding level or story of the building.
- (D) Upper Market NCT. Rear yards shall be provided at the grade level, and at each succeeding story of the building,. For buildings in the Upper Market NCT that do not contain residential uses and that do not abut adjacent lots with an existing pattern of rear

yards or mid-block open space, the Zoning Administrator may waive or reduce this rear yard requirement pursuant to the procedures of subsection (e).

(2) RH-2, RH-3, RTO, RTO-M, RM-1 and RM-2 Districts. The minimum rear yard depth shall be equal to 45 percent of the total depth of the lot on which the building is situated, except to the extent that a reduction in this requirement is permitted by Subsection (c) below. Rear yards shall be provided at grade level and at each succeeding level or story of the building.



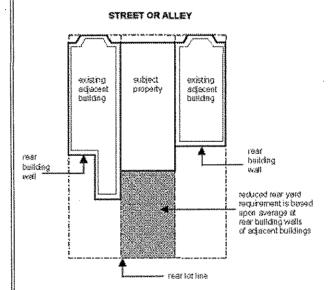
- (b) Permitted Obstructions. Only those obstructions specified in Section 136 of this Code shall be permitted in a required rear yard, and no other obstruction shall be constructed, placed or maintained within any such yard. No motor vehicle, trailer, boat or other vehicle shall be parked or stored within any such yard, except as specified in Section 136.
- (c) Reduction of Requirements in RH-2, RH-3, RTO, RTO-M, RM-1 and RM-2 Districts. The rear yard requirement stated in Paragraph (a)(2) above, for RH-2, RH-3, RTO, RTO-M, RM-1 and RM-2 Districts, and as stated in Paragraph (a)(1) above, for single room occupancy buildings located in either the South of Market Mixed Use or Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts not exceeding a height of 65 feet, shall be reduced in specific situations as described in this Subsection (c), based upon conditions on adjacent lots. Except for those SRO buildings referenced above in this paragraph whose rear yard can be reduced in the circumstances described in Subsection (c) to a 15-foot minimum, under no circumstances, shall the minimum rear yard be thus reduced to less than a depth equal to 25

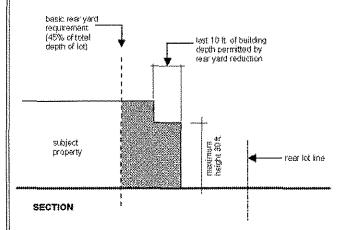
percent of the total depth of the lot on which the building is situated, or to less than 15 feet, whichever is greater.

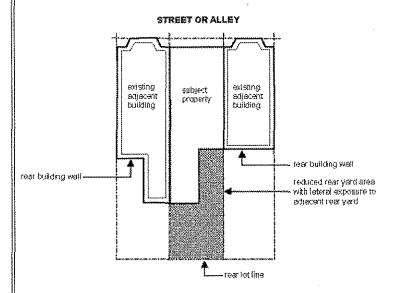
- (1) General Rule. In such districts, the forward edge of the required rear yard shall be reduced to a line on the subject lot, parallel to the rear lot line of such lot, which is an average between the depths of the rear building walls of the two adjacent buildings. Except for single room occupancy buildings in the South of Market Mixed Use Districts, in any case in which a rear yard requirement is thus reduced, the last 10 feet of building depth thus permitted on the subject lot shall be limited to a height of 30 feet, measured as prescribed by Section 260 of this Code, or to such lesser height as may be established by Section 261 of this Code.
- (2) Alternative Method of Averaging. If, under the rule stated in Paragraph (c)(1) above, a reduction in the required rear yard is permitted, the reduction may alternatively be averaged in an irregular manner; provided that the area of the resulting reduction shall be no more than the product of the width of the subject lot along the line established by Paragraph (c)(1) above times the reduction in depth of rear yard permitted by Paragraph (c)(1); and provided further that all portions of the open area on the part of the lot to which the rear yard reduction applies shall be directly exposed laterally to the open area behind the adjacent building having the lesser depth of its rear building wall.
- (3) Method of Measurement. For purposes of this Subsection (c), an "adjacent building" shall mean a building on a lot adjoining the subject lot along a side lot line. In all cases the location of the rear building wall of an adjacent building shall be taken as the line of greatest depth of any portion of the adjacent building which occupies at least 1/2 the width between the side lot lines of the lot on which such adjacent building is located, and which has a height of at least 20 feet above grade, or two stories, whichever is less, excluding all permitted obstructions listed for rear yards in Section 136 of this Code. Where a lot adjoining the subject lot is vacant, or contains no dwelling or group housing structure, or is located in an

RH-1(D), RH-1, RH-1(S), RM-3, RM-4, RC, RED, SPD, RSD, SLR, SLI, SSO, NC, C, M or P District, such adjoining lot shall, for purposes of the calculations in this Subsection (c), be considered to have an adjacent building upon it whose rear building wall is at a depth equal to 75 percent of the total depth of the subject lot.

(4) Applicability to Special Lot Situations. In the following special lot situations, the general rule stated in Paragraph (c)(1) above shall be applied as provided in this Paragraph (c)(4), and the required rear yard shall be reduced if conditions on the adjacent lot or lots so indicate and if all other requirements of this Section 134 are met.



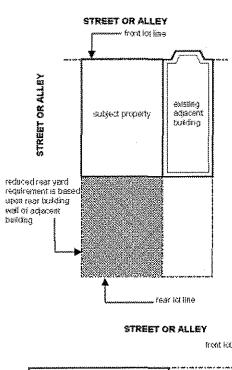


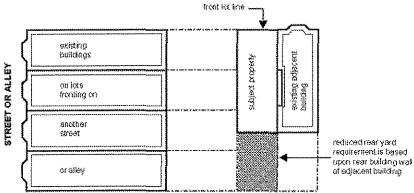


- (A) Corner Lots and Lots at Alley Inter-sections. On a corner lot as defined by this Code, or a lot at the intersection of a street and an alley or two alleys, the forward edge of the required rear yard shall be reduced to a line on the subject lot which is at the depth of the rear building wall of the one adjacent building.
- (B) Lots Abutting Properties with Buildings that Front on Another Street or Alley. In the case of any lot that abuts along one of its side lot lines upon a lot with a building that fronts on another street or alley, the lot on which it so abuts shall be disregarded, and the forward edge of the required rear yard shall be reduced to a line on the subject lot which is at the depth of

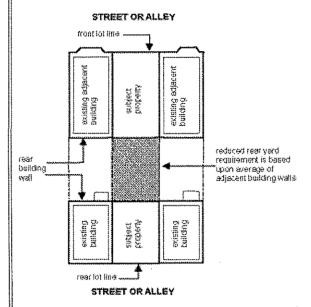
the rear building wall of the one adjacent building fronting on the same street or alley. In the case of any lot that abuts along both its side lot lines upon lots with buildings that front on another street or alley, both lots on which it so abuts shall be disregarded, and the minimum rear yard depth for the subject lot shall be equal to 25 percent of the total depth of the subject lot, or 15 feet, whichever is greater.

(C) Through Lots Abutting Properties that Contain Two Buildings. Where a lot is a through lot having both its front and its rear lot line along streets, alleys, or a street and an alley, and both adjoining lots are also through lots, each containing two dwellings or group housing structures that front at opposite ends of the lot, the subject through lot may also have two buildings according to such established pattern, each fronting at one end of the lot, provided all the other requirements of this Code are met. In such cases the rear yard required by this Section 134 for the subject lot shall be located in the central portion of the lot, between the two buildings on such lot, and the depth of the rear wall of each building from the street or alley on which it fronts shall be established by the average of the depths of the rear building walls of the adjacent buildings fronting on that street or alley. In no case, however, shall the total minimum rear yard for the subject lot be thus reduced to less than a depth equal to 25 percent of the total depth of the subject lot, or to less than 15 feet, whichever is greater. Furthermore, in all cases in which this Subparagraph (c)(4)(C) is applied, the requirements of Section 132 of this Code for front setback areas shall be applicable along both street or alley frontages of the subject through lot.





(d) Reduction of Requirements in C-3 Districts. In C-3 Districts, an exception to the rear yard requirements of this Section may be allowed, in accordance with the provisions of Section 309, provided that the building location and configuration assure adequate light and air to windows within the residential units and to the usable open space provided.



- (e) Modification of Requirements in NC and South of Market Mixed Use Districts. The rear yard requirements in NC and South of Market Mixed Use Districts may be modified or waived in specific situations as described in this Subsection (e).
- (1) General. The rear yard requirement in NC Districts may be modified or waived by the Zoning Administrator pursuant to the procedures which are applicable to variances, as set forth in Sections 306.1 through 306.5 and 308.2, in the case of NC Districts, and in accordance with Section 307(g), in the case of South of Market Mixed Use Districts if all of the following criteria are met for both NC and South of Market Mixed Use Districts:
- (A) Residential uses are included in the new or expanding development and a comparable amount of usable open space is provided elsewhere on the lot or within the development where it is more accessible to the residents of the development; and
- (B) The proposed new or expanding structure will not significantly impede the access of light and air to and views from adjacent properties; and
- (C) The proposed new or expanding structure will not adversely affect the interior block open space formed by the rear yards of adjacent properties.

- (2) Corner Lots and Lots at Alley Intersections. On a corner lot as defined by this Code, or on a lot at the intersection of a street and an alley of at least 25 feet in width, the required rear yard may be substituted with an open area equal to 25 percent of the lot area which is located at the same levels as the required rear yard in an interior corner of the lot, an open area between two or more buildings on the lot, or an inner court, as defined by this Code, provided that the Zoning Administrator determines that all of the criteria described below in this Paragraph are met.
 - (A) Each horizontal dimension of the open area shall be a minimum of 15 feet.
- (B) The open area shall be wholly or partially contiguous to the existing midblock open space formed by the rear yards of adjacent properties.
- (C) The open area will provide for the access to light and air to and views from adjacent properties.
- (D) The proposed new or expanding structure will provide for access to light and air from any existing or new residential uses on the subject property.

The provisions of this Paragraph 2 of Subsection (e) shall not preclude such additional conditions as are deemed necessary by the Zoning Administrator to further the purposes of this Section.

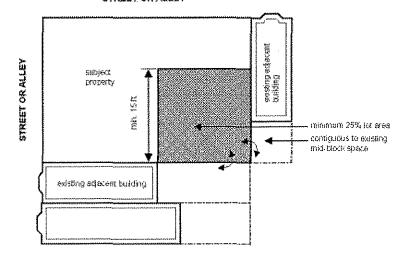
- (f) Modification of Requirements in the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts.

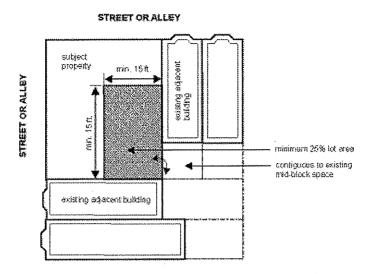
 The rear yard requirement in Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts may be modified or waived by the Planning Commission pursuant to Section 329, and by the Zoning Administrator pursuant to the procedures and criteria set forth in Section 307(h) for other projects, provided that:
- (1) Residential uses are included in the new or expanding development and a comparable amount of readily accessible usable open space is provided elsewhere on the lot or within the development;

- (2) The proposed new or expanding structure will not significantly impede the access to light and air from adjacent properties; and
- (3) The proposed new or expanding structure will not adversely affect the interior block open space formed by the rear yards of adjacent properties.
- (g) Reduction of Requirements in the North of Market Residential Special Use District.

 The rear yard requirement may be substituted with an equivalent amount of open space situated anywhere on the site, provided that the Zoning Administrator determines that all of the following criteria are met:
- (1) The substituted open space in the proposed new or expanding structure will improve the access of light and air to and views from existing abutting properties; and
- (2) The proposed new or expanding structure will not adversely affect the interior block open space formed by the rear yards of existing abutting properties.

This provision shall be administered pursuant to the notice and hearing procedures which are applicable to variances as set forth in Sections 306.1 through 306.5 and 308.2.





SEC. 135. USABLE OPEN SPACE FOR DWELLING UNITS AND GROUP HOUSING, R, NC, MIXED USE, C, AND M DISTRICTS.

Except as provided in Sections 134.1, 172 and 188 of this Code, usable open space shall be provided for each dwelling and each group housing structure in R, NC, C, Mixed Use, and M Districts according to the standards set forth in this Section unless otherwise specified in specific district controls elsewhere in this Code.

(a) Character of Space Provided. Usable open space shall be composed of an outdoor area or areas designed for outdoor living, recreation or landscaping, including such areas on the ground and on decks, balconies, porches and roofs, which are safe and suitably surfaced and screened, and which conform to the other requirements of this Section. Such area or areas shall be on the same lot as the dwelling units (or bedrooms in group housing) they serve, and shall be designed and oriented in a manner that will make the best practical use of available sun and other climatic advantages. "Private usable open space" shall mean an area or areas private to and designed for use by only one dwelling unit (or bedroom in group housing). "Common usable open space" shall mean an area or areas designed for use jointly by two or more dwelling units (or bedrooms in group housing).

- (b) Access. Usable open space shall be as close as is practical to the dwelling unit (or bedroom in group housing) for which it is required, and shall be accessible from such dwelling unit or bedroom as follows:
- (1) Private usable open space shall be directly and immediately accessible from such dwelling unit or bedroom; and shall be either on the same floor level as such dwelling unit or bedroom, with no more than one story above or below such floor level with convenient private access.
- (2) Common usable open space shall be easily and independently accessible from such dwelling unit or bedroom, or from another common area of the building or lot.
- (c) Permitted Obstructions. In the calculation of either private or common usable open space, those obstructions listed in Sections 136 and 136.1 of this Code for usable open space shall be permitted.
- (d) Amount Required. Usable open space shall be provided for each building in the amounts specified herein and in Table 135 for the district in which the building is located; provided, however, that in the Downtown Residential (DTR) Districts, open space shall be provided in the amounts specified in Section 825.

In Neighborhood Commercial Districts, the amount of usable open space to be provided shall be the amount required in the nearest Residential District, but the minimum amount of open space required shall be in no case greater than the amount set forth in Table 135A for the district in which the building is located. The distance to each Residential District shall be measured from the midpoint of the front lot line or from a point directly across the street there from, whichever requires less open space.

(1) For dwellings other than SRO dwellings, except as provided in Paragraph (d)(3) below, the minimum amount of usable open space to be provided for use by each dwelling unit shall be as specified in the second column of Table 135A if such usable open space is all

private. Where common usable open space is used to satisfy all or part of the requirement for a dwelling unit, such common usable open space shall be provided in an amount equal to 1.33 square feet for each one square foot of private usable open space specified in the second column of Table 135A. In such cases, the balance of the required usable open space may be provided as private usable open space, with full credit for each square foot of private usable open space so provided.

- (2) For group housing structures and SRO units, the minimum amount of usable open space provided for use by each bedroom shall be 1/3 the amount required for a dwelling unit as specified in Paragraph (d)(1) above. For purposes of these calculations, the number of bedrooms on a lot shall in no case be considered to be less than one bedroom for each two beds. Where the actual number of beds exceeds an average of two beds for each bedroom, each two beds shall be considered equivalent to one bedroom.
- (3) For dwellings specifically designed for and occupied by senior citizens or physically handicapped persons, as defined and regulated by Section 209.1(m) of this Code, the minimum amount of usable open space to be provided for use by each dwelling unit shall be 1/2 the amount required for each dwelling unit as specified in Paragraph (d)(1) above.
- (4) DTR Districts. For all residential uses, 75 square feet of open space is required per dwelling unit. All residential open space must meet the provisions described in this Section unless otherwise established in this subsection or in Section 825 or a Section governing an individual DTR District. Open space requirements may be met with the following types of open space: "private usable open space" as defined in Section 135(a) of this Code, "common usable open space" as defined in Section 135(a) of this Code, and "publicly accessible open space" as defined in subsection (h) below. At least 40 percent of the residential open space is required to be common to all residential units. Common usable open space is not required to be publicly-accessible. Publicly-accessible open space, including off-site open space

permitted by subsection (i) below and by Section 827(a)(9), meeting the standards of subsection (h) may be considered as common usable open space. For residential units with direct access from the street, building setback areas that meet the standards of Section 145.1 and the Ground Floor Residential Design Guidelines may be counted toward the open space requirement as private non-common open space.

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TABLE 135A

MINIMUM USABLE OPEN SPACE FOR DWELLING UNITS AND GROUP HOUSING OUTSIDE THE EASTERN NEIGHBORHOODS MIXED USE DISTRICTS

District	Square Feet Of Usable Open Space Required For Each Dwelling Unit If All Private	Ratio of Common Usable Open Space That May Be Substituted for Private
RH-1(D), RH-1	300	1.33
RH-1(S)	300 for first unit; 100 for minor second unit	1.33
RH-2	125	1.33
RH-3	100	1.33
RM-1, RC-1, RTO, RTO-M	100	1.33

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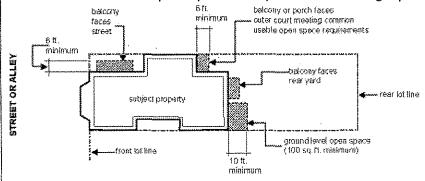
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RM-2, RC-2, SPD	80	1.33
RM-3, RC-3, RED	60	1.33
RM-4, RC-4, RSD	36	1.33
C-3, C-M, SLR, SLI, SSO, M-1, M-2	36	1.33
C-1, C-2	Same as for the R District establishing the dwelling unit density ratio for the C-1 or C-2 District property	
NC-1, NC-2, <u>NCT-1</u> , NCT-2, NC-S, Inner Sunset, Sacramento Street, West Portal Avenue, <u>Ocean Avenue</u>	100	1.33
NC-3, Castro Street, Inner Clement Street, Outer Clement Street, Upper Fillmore Street, Haight Street, Union Street, Valencia Street, 24th Street- Mission, 24th Street-Noe Valley, NCT-3, SoMa, Mission Street	80	1.33
Broadway, Hayes-Gough, Upper Market Street, North Beach, Polk Street	60	1.33
Chinatown Community Business, Chinatown Residential Neighborhood Commercial,	48	1.00

Chinatown Visitor Retail		
DTR	This table not applicable. 75 square feet	
	per dwelling. See Sec 135(d)(4).	

TABLE 135B MINIMUM USABLE OPEN SPACE FOR DWELLING UNITS AND GROUP HOUSING IN THE EASTERN NEIGHBORHOODS MIXED USE DISTRICTS Square feet of usable Square feet of usable Percent of open space that may open space open space per be provided off site unit, if dwelling unit, if not dwelling publicly accessible publicly accessible 80 square feet 54 square feet 50%

- (e) Slope. The slope of any area credited as either private or common usable open space shall not exceed five percent.
 - (f) Private Usable Open Space: Additional Standards.
- (1) Minimum Dimensions and Minimum Area. Any space credited as private usable open space shall have a minimum horizontal dimension of six feet and a minimum area of 36 square feet if located on a deck, balcony, porch or roof, and shall have a mini-mum horizontal dimension of 10 feet and a minimum area of 100 square feet if located on open ground, a terrace or the surface of an inner or outer court.
- (2) Exposure. In order to be credited as private usable open space, an area must be kept open in the following manner:

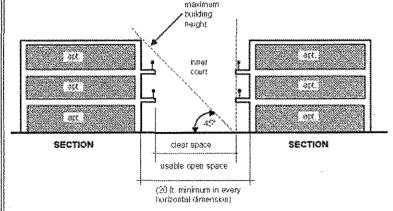
- (A) For decks, balconies, porches and roofs, at least 30 percent of the perimeter must be unobstructed except for necessary railings.
- (B) In addition, the area credited on a deck, balcony, porch or roof must either face a street, face or be within a rear yard, or face or be within some other space which at the level of the private usable open space meets the minimum dimension and area requirements for common usable open space as specified in Paragraph 135(g)(1) below.



- (C) Areas within inner and outer courts, as defined by this Code, must either conform to the standards of Subparagraph (f)(2)(B) above or be so arranged that the height of the walls and projections above the court on at least three sides (or 75 percent of the perimeter, whichever is greater) is such that no point on any such wall or projection is higher than one foot for each foot that such point is horizontally distant from the opposite side of the clear space in the court, regardless of the permitted obstruction referred to in Subsection 135(c) above.
- (3) Fire Escapes as Usable Open Space. Normal fire escape grating shall not be considered suitable surfacing for usable open space. The steps of a fire escape stairway or ladder, and any space less than six feet deep between such steps and a wall of the building, shall not be credited as usable open space. But the mere potential use of a balcony area for an emergency fire exit by occupants of other dwelling units (or bedrooms in group housing)

shall not prevent it from being credited as usable open space on grounds of lack of privacy or usability.

- (4) Use of Solariums. In C-3 Districts, the area of a totally or partially enclosed solarium shall be credited as private usable open space if (i) such area is open to the outdoors through openings or clear glazing on not less than 50 percent of its perimeter and (ii) not less than 30 percent of its overhead area and 25 percent of its perimeter are open or can be opened to the air.
 - (g) Common Usable Open Space: Additional Standards.
- (1) Minimum Dimensions and Minimum Area. Any space credited as common usable open space shall be at least 15 feet in every horizontal dimension and shall have a minimum area of 300 square feet.
- (2) Use of Inner Courts. The area of an inner court, as defined by this Code, may be credited as common usable open space, if the enclosed space is not less than 20 feet in every horizontal dimension and 400 square feet in area; and if (regardless of the permitted obstructions referred to in Subsection 135(c) above) the height of the walls and projections above the court on at least three sides (or 75 percent of the perimeter, whichever is greater) is such that no point on any such wall or projection is higher than one foot for each foot that such point is horizontally distant from the opposite side of the clear space in the court.



- (3) Use of Solariums. The area of a totally or partially enclosed solarium may be credited as common usable open space if the space is not less than 15 feet in every horizontal dimension and 300 square feet in area; and if such area is exposed to the sun through openings or clear glazing on not less than 30 percent of its perimeter and 30 percent of its overhead area.
- (h) Publicly-Accessible Usable Open Space Standards: In DTR Districts and the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts, any space credited as publicly-accessible usable open space, where permitted or required by this Code, shall meet the following standards:
 - (1) Open space shall be of one or more of the following types:
- (A) An unenclosed park or garden at street grade or following the natural topography, including improvements to hillsides or other unimproved public areas;
- (B) An unenclosed plaza at street grade, with seating areas and landscaping and no more than 10 percent of the total floor area devoted to facilities for food or beverage service, exclusive of seating areas as regulated in Subsection (2)(d), below;
- (C) An unenclosed pedestrian pathway which complies with the standards of Section 270.2 and which is consistent with applicable design guidelines,
- (D) Streetscape improvements with landscaping and pedestrian amenities that result in additional pedestrian space beyond the pre-existing sidewalk width and conform to any applicable streetscape plan or other related policies such as those associated with sidewalk widenings or building setbacks, other than those intended by design for the use of individual ground floor residential units; and
 - (2) Open space shall meet the following standards:
- (A) Be in such locations and provide such ingress and egress as will make the area

convenient, safe, secure and easily accessible to the general public;

- (B) Be appropriately landscaped;
- (C) Be protected from uncomfortable winds;
- (D) Incorporate ample seating. Any seating which is provided shall be available for public use and may not be exclusively reserved or dedicated for any food or beverage services located within the open space;
 - (E) Be well signed and accessible to the public during daylight hours;
 - (F) Be well lit if the area is of the type requiring artificial illumination;
 - (G) Be designed to enhance user safety and security;
 - (H) Be of sufficient size to be attractive and practical for its intended use; and
 - (I) Have access to drinking water and toilets if feasible and appropriate.
- (3) Maintenance: Open spaces shall be maintained at no public expense. The owner of the property on which the open space is located shall maintain it by keeping the area clean and free of litter and keeping in a healthy state any plant material that is provided. Conditions intended to assure continued maintenance of the open space for the actual lifetime of the building giving rise to the open space requirement may be imposed by the Commission or Department pursuant to applicable procedures in this Code.
- (4) Informational Plaque: Prior to issuance of a permit of occupancy, a plaque shall be placed in a publicly conspicuous location outside the building at street level, or at the site of any publicly-accessible open space. The plaque shall identify said open space feature and its location, stating the right of the public to use the space and the hours of use, describing its principal required features (e.g., number of seats or other defining features) and stating the name, telephone number, and address of the owner or owner's agent responsible for maintenance. The plaque shall be of no less than 24 inches by 36 inches in size unless specifically reduced by the Zoning Administrator in cases where the nature, size, or other constraints of the open space would make the proscribed dimensions inappropriate.

- (5) Property owners providing open space under this section will hold harmless the City and County of San Francisco, its officers, agents and employees, from any damage or injury caused by the design, construction, use, or maintenance of open space. Property owners are solely liable for any damage or loss occasioned by any act or negligence in respect to the design, construction, use, or maintenance of the open space.
 - (i) Off-Site Provision of Required Usable Open Space.
- (1) Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts. In the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts, the provision of off-site publicly accessible open space may be credited toward the residential usable open space requirement, subject to Section 329 for projects to which that Section applies and Section 307(h) for other projects. Any such space shall meet the publicly accessible open space standards set forth in Section 135(h) and be provided within 800 feet of the project. No more than 50 percent of a project's required usable open space shall be off-site. The publicly accessible off-site usable open space shall be constructed, completed, and ready for use no later than the project itself, and shall receive its Certificate of Final Completion from the Department of Building Inspection prior to the issuance of any Certificate of Final Completion or Temporary Certificate of Occupancy for the project itself.
- (2) DTR Districts. In DTR Districts the provision of off-site publicly accessible open space may be counted toward the requirements of residential open space per the procedures of Section 309.1 provided it is within the individual DTR district of the project or within 500 feet of any boundary of the individual DTR district of the project, and meets the standards of subsection (h).
- (A) At least 36 square feet per residential unit of required open space must be provided on-site. Pursuant to the procedures of Section 309.1, the Planning Commission may reduce the minimum on-site provision of required residential open space to not less than 18

square feet per unit in order to both create additional publicly-accessible open space serving the district and to foster superior architectural design on constrained sites.

(B) Open Space Provider. The open space required by this Section may be provided individually by the project sponsor or jointly by the project sponsor and other project sponsors, provided that each square foot of jointly developed open space may count toward only one sponsor's requirement. With the approval of the Planning Commission, a public or private agency may develop and maintain the open space, provided that (i) the project sponsor or sponsors pay for the cost of development of the number of square feet the project sponsor is required to provide, (ii) provision satisfactory to the Commission is made for the continued maintenance of the open space for the actual lifetime of the building giving rise to the open space requirement, and (iii) the Commission finds that there is reasonable assurance that the open space to be developed by such agency will be developed and open for use by the time the building, the open space requirement of which is being met by the payment, is ready for occupancy.

(3) Ocean Avenue NCT. In the Ocean Avenue NCT District, the provision of off-site publicly accessible open space may be credited toward the residential usable open space requirement subject to the procedures of Section 303. Any such open space shall meet the publicly accessible open space standards set forth in Section 135(h) and be provided within 800 feet of the project. No more than 50 percent of a project's usable open space requirement may be satisfied off-site. The publicly accessible off-site usable open space shall be constructed, completed, and ready for use no later than the project itself, and shall receive its Certificate of Final Completion from the Department of Building Inspection prior to the issuance of any Certificate of Final Completion or Temporary Certificate of Occupancy for the project itself. In meeting its open space requirement through the provision of off-site open space, a residential project may provide space jointly with other project sponsors or public or private entities according to the rules of subsection (i)(2)(B) above.

(j) Payment in Cases of Variance or Exception. In the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts, should a Variance from usable open space requirements for residential uses be granted by the Zoning Administrator, or an exception be granted for those projects subject to the 329 process, a fee of \$327 shall be required for each square foot of usable open space not provided pursuant to that Variance. This fee shall be adjusted in accordance with Section 327.3(d). This fee shall be paid into the Eastern Neighborhoods Public Benefits Fund, as described in Section 327. Said fee shall be used for the purpose of acquiring, designing, and improving park land, park facilities, and other open space resources, which is expected to be used solely or in substantial part by persons who live, work, shop or otherwise do business in the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts.

SEC. 145.4 REQUIRED GROUND FLOOR COMMERCIAL USES.

- (a) Purpose: to support active, pedestrian-oriented commercial uses on important commercial streets.
- (b) Applicability. The requirements of this Section apply to the following street frontages.
 - (1) Folsom Street for the entirety of the Rincon Hill DTR, pursuant to Section 827;
- (2) Folsom Street for the entirety of the Folsom and Main Residential/Commercial Special Use District;
- (3) Van Ness Avenue, in the Van Ness and Market Downtown Residential Special Use District, from Fell Street to Market Street;
- (4) South Van Ness Avenue, for the entirety of the Van Ness and Market Downtown Residential Special Use District;
- (5) Market Street, for the entirety of the Van Ness and Market Downtown Residential Special Use District;

- (6) 3rd Street, in the UMU districts for parcel frontages wholly contained within 100 linear feet north or south of Mariposa Street or 100 linear feet north or south of 20th Street;
 - (7) 4th Street, between Bryant and Townsend in the SLI and MUO Districts;
 - (8) Hayes Street, for the entirety of the Hayes-Gough NCT;
- (9) Octavia Boulevard, between Fell Street and Hayes Street, in the Hayes-Gough NCT;
 - (10) Market Street, for the entirety of the NCT-3 and Upper Market NCT Districts;
 - (11) Church Street, for the entirety of the NCT-3 and Upper Market NCT Districts;
 - (12) 22nd Street, between 3rd Street and Minnesota Streets within the NCT-2 District;
- (13) Valencia Street, between 15th and 23rd Streets in the Valencia Street NCT District;
 - (14) Mission Street, for the entirety of the Mission Street NCT District;
 - (15) 24th Street, for the entirety of the 24th Street-Mission NCT;
 - (16) 16th Street, between Guerrero and Capp Streets;
 - (17) 22nd Street, between Valencia and Mission Streets;
 - (18) 6th Street for its entirety within the SoMa NCT District;
- (19) Ocean Avenue, for the entirety of the Ocean Avenue NCT District, except on the north side of Ocean Avenue between Plymouth and Brighton Avenues;
 - (20) Geneva Avenue, between I-280 and Delano Avenue within the NCT-2 District.
- (c) Definitions. "Active commercial uses" shall include those uses specifically identified below in Table 145.4, and:
- (1) Shall not include uses oriented to motor vehicles except for automobile sale or rental where curb-cuts, garage doors, or loading access are not utilized or proposed, and such sales or rental activity is entirely within an enclosed building and does not encroach on surrounding sidewalks or open spaces;

- (2) Shall include public uses except for utility installations; and
- (3) Shall not include residential care uses as defined in Sections 790.50, 790.51, and 890.50.

Table 145.4

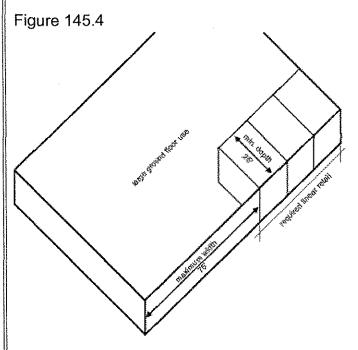
Reference for Neighborhood Commercial Districts	Reference for Mixed Use Districts	Use
790.4	890.4	Amusement Game Arcade
790.6	890.6	Animal Hospital
790.12	890.13	Automobile Sale or Rental (see qualification, above)
790.22	890.22	Bar
N/A	890.23	Business Goods and Equipment Sales and Repair Service
790.34	890.34	Eating and Drinking Use
790.38	890.37	Entertainment, Other
N/A	890.39	Gift Store-Tourist Oriented
790.50, 790.51	890.50	Institutions, Other (see qualification, above)
N/A	890.51	Jewelry Store
790.68	890.68	Neighborhood-Serving Business
N/A	890.69	Non-Auto Vehicle Sales or Rental (see qualification,

	ACCES - 100 ACCES	above)
790.80	890.80	Public Use (see qualification, above)
790.91	890.90	Restaurant, Fast-Food (Small)
790.90	890.91	Restaurant, Fast-Food (Large)
790.92	890.92	Restaurant, Full-Service
790.102	890.102	Sales and Service, Other Retail
790.104	890.104	Sales and Services, Retail
790.110	890.110	Service, Financial
790.112	890.112	Service, Limited Financial
790.114	890.114	Service, Medical
790.116	890.116	Service, Personal
790.122	890.122	Take-Out Food
790.124	890.124	Trade Shop
790.140	890.140	Walk-Up Facility

(d) Controls.

(1) Active commercial uses which are permitted by the specific district in which they are located are required on the ground floor of all street frontages listed in Subsection (b) above.

- (2) Active commercial uses shall comply with the standards applicable to active uses as set forth in Section 145.1(c)(3) and shall further be consistent with any applicable design guidelines.
- (3) On those street frontages listed in Subsection (b), an individual ground floor nonresidential use may not occupy more than 75 contiguous linear feet for the first 25 feet of depth along a street-facing façade. Separate individual storefronts shall wrap large ground floor uses for the first 25 feet of depth, as illustrated in Figure 145.4.



(e) Modifications. Modifications to the requirements of this Section are not permitted in DTR Districts. In Neighborhood Commercial Districts, modifications to the requirements of this Section may be granted through the Conditional Use process, as set forth in Section 303. In the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts, modifications to the requirements of this Section may be granted through the procedures of Section 329 for projects subject to that

Section or through an Administrative Modification from the Zoning Administrator for other projects, as set forth in Section 307(g).

SEC. 151.1. SCHEDULE OF PERMITTED OFF-STREET PARKING SPACES IN SPECIFIED DISTRICTS.

- (a) Applicability. This subsection shall apply only to in DTR, NCT, RTO, Eastern Neighborhood Mixed Use, PDR-1-D, and PDR-1-G or C-3 Districts.
- (b) Controls. Off-street accessory parking shall not be required for any use, and; the quantities of off-street parking specified in Table 151.1 shall serve as the maximum amount of off-street parking that may be provided as accessory to the uses specified. For non-residential and non-office uses in the UMU, PDR-1-D, and PDR-1-G Districts, the maximum amount of off-street parking that may be provided as accessory shall be 50% greater that indicated in Table 151.1. -Variances from accessory off-street parking limits, as described in this Section, may not be granted. Where off-street parking is provided that exceeds the quantities specified in Table 151.1 or as set forth in Section 204.5 of this Code, such parking shall be classified not as accessory parking but as either a principally permitted or conditional use, depending upon the use provisions applicable to the district in which the parking is located. In considering an application for a conditional use for any such parking due to the amount being provided, the Planning Commission shall consider the criteria set forth in Section 157 of this Code.
- (c) Where a number or ratio of spaces are described in Table 151.1, such number or ratio shall refer to the total number of parked cars accommodated in the project proposal, regardless of the arrangement of parking, and shall include all spaces accessed by mechanical means, valet, or non-independently accessible means. For the purposes of determining the total number of cars parked, the area of an individual parking space, except for those spaces specifically designated for persons with physical disabilities, may not exceed

185 square feet, including spaces in tandem, or in parking lifts, elevators or other means of vertical stacking. Any off-street parking facility may not exceed an average of 350 square feet per parking space, including all surface area accessible to automobiles for circulation and parking. The Zoning Administrator may administratively increase this amount for a specific project in cases where the Zoning Administrator confirms that there are unique constraints, conditions, or design features that require increased amounts of circulation space and the project sponsor has demonstrated that such an increase will not result in a greater capacity of parked vehicles than proposed and indicated on plans.

(d) Any off-street parking space dedicated for use as a car-share parking space, as defined in Section 166, shall not be credited toward the total parking permitted as accessory in this Section.

Table 151.1

OFF-STREET PARKING PERMITTED AS ACCESSORY

Use or Activity	Number of Off-Street Car Parking Spaces or Space Devoted to Off-Street Car Parking Permitted
Dwelling units in RH-DTR Districts	P up to one car for each two dwelling units; up to one car for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria and procedures of Section 151.1 (d); NP above one space per unit.
Dwelling units in C-3 and SB-DTR, Districts, except as specified below	P up to one car for each four dwelling units; up to 0.75 cars for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria and procedures of Section 151.1(f); NP

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above 0.75 cars for each dwelling unit.
P up to one car for each four dwelling units; up to one car for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria and procedures of Section 151.1(e); NP above one car for each dwelling unit.
P up to one car for each four dwelling units; C up to .5 cars for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria and procedures of Section 151.1(f); NP above two cars for each four dwelling units. P up to one car for each four dwelling units; up to 0.75 cars for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria and conditions and procedures of Section 151.1(f); NP above 0.75 cars for each dwelling unit.
P up to one car for each four dwelling units; up to one car for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria and conditions and procedures of Section 151.1(f); NP above one car for each dwelling unit. P up to one car for each two dwelling units; C up to 0.75 cars for each dwelling unit, subject to the

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	above 0.75 cars for each dwelling unit.
Dwelling units in the Ocean Avenue NCT District	P up to one car for each unit; NP above.
Dwelling units in RTO Districts, except as specified below	P up to three cars for each four dwelling units; C up to one car for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria and procedures of Section 151.1(f); NP above one car for each dwelling unit.
Dwelling units and SRO units in UMU Districts, except as specified below	P up to 0.75 cars for each dwelling unit and subject to the conditions of 151.1(f); NP above
Dwelling units in UMU District with at least 2 bedrooms and at least 1,000 square feet of occupied floor area	P up to 1 car for each dwelling unit and subject to the conditions of 151.1(f); NP above
Group housing of any kind	P up to one car for each three bedrooms or for each six beds, whichever results in the greater requirement, plus one for the manager's dwelling unit if any. NP above.
All non-residential uses in C-3 Districts	Not to exceed 7% of gross floor area of such uses. See requirements in Section 204.5.
Hotel, inn, or hostel	P up to one for each 16 guest bedrooms, plus one for the manager's dwelling unit, if any.

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Motel	P up to one for each guest unit, plus one for the manager's dwelling unit, if any.
Hospital or other inpatient medical institution	P up to one for each 16 guest excluding bassinets or for each 2,400 square feet of gross floor area devoted to sleeping rooms, whichever results in the lesser requirement
Residential care facility	P up to one for each 10 residents.
Child care facility	P up to one for each 25 children to be accommodated at any one time.
Elementary school	P up to one for each six classrooms.
Secondary school	P up to one for each two classrooms.
Post-secondary educational institution	P up to one for each two classrooms.
Church or other religious institutions	P up to one for each 20 seats.
Theater or auditorium	P up to one for each eight seats up to 1,000 seats, plus one for each 10 seats in excess of 1,000.
Stadium or sports arena	P up to one for each 15 seats.
Medical or dental office or	P up to one for each 300 square feet of occupied

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	1
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	2
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	3
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	4
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	5
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	6
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	7
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	8
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	9
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	10
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	11
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	12
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	13
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	14
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	15
18 19 20 21 22 23	16
19 20 21 22 23	17
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21 22 23	19
22 23	20
23	21
	22
24	23
- '	24

outpatient clinic	floor area.
All office uses in C-3, DTR, MUG, MUR, and MUO Districts	P up to seven percent of the gross floor area of such uses and subject to the pricing conditions of Section 155(g); NP above.
Office uses in UMU, PDR-1-D, and PDR-1-G Districts, except as specified below	
Office uses in UMU, PDR-1-D, and PDR-1-G Districts greater than ½-mile from Market, Mission, 3 rd and 4 th Streets	P up to one car per 500 square feet of gross floor area; NP above.
Non-residential uses in RTO districts permitted under Sections 209.8(e) and 231.	None permitted.
All non-residential uses in NCT districts except as specified below	For uses in Table 151 that are described as a ratio of occupied floor area, P up to 1 space per 1,500 square feet of occupied floor area or the quantity specified in Table 151, whichever is less, and subject to the conditions and criteria of Section 151.1(f). NP above.
Retail grocery store uses in NCT districts with over 20,000 square feet of occupied floor	P up 1 space per 500 square feet of occupied floor area, and subject to the conditions and criteria of Section 151.1(f). C up to 1 space per

vehicles, machinery or furniture	
With the exception of Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts as set forth above, all other greenhouse or plant nursery	P up to one for each 4,000 square feet of occupied floor area.
	P up to one for each 500 square feet of gross floor area up to 20,000 square feet, plus one for each 250 square feet of gross floor area in excess of 20,000.
Service, repair or wholesale sales space, including personal, home or business service space in South of Market Districts	P up to one for each 1,000 square feet of occupied floor area.
Mortuary	P up to five.
Storage or warehouse space, and space devoted to any use first permitted in an M-2 District	P up to one for each 2,000 square feet of occupied floor area.

Arts activities and spaces except theater or auditorium spaces	P up to one for each 2,000 square feet of occupied floor area.
Laboratory	P up to one for each 1,500 square feet of occupied floor area.
Small Enterprise Workspace Building	P up to one for each 1,500 square feet of occupied floor area.
Integrated PDR	P up to one for each 1,500 square feet of occupied floor area.
Other manufacturing and industrial uses	P up to one for each 1,500 square feet of occupied floor area.

- (d) In DTR districts, any request for accessory parking in excess of what is permitted by right shall be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Planning Commission, subject to the procedures set forth in Section 309.1 of this Code. In granting approval for parking accessory to residential uses above that permitted by right in Table 151.1, the Commission shall make the following affirmative findings:
- (1) All parking in excess of that allowed by right is stored and accessed by mechanical means, valet, or non-independently accessible method that maximizes space efficiency and discourages use of vehicles for commuting or daily errands;
- (2) Vehicle movement on or around the project site associated with the excess accessory parking does not unduly impact pedestrian spaces or movement, transit service, bicycle movement, or the overall traffic movement in the district;

- (3) Accommodating excess accessory parking does not degrade the overall urban design quality of the project proposal;
- (4) All parking in the project is set back from facades facing streets and alleys and lined with active uses, and that the project sponsor is not requesting any exceptions or variances requiring such treatments elsewhere in this Code; and
- (5) Excess accessory parking does not diminish the quality and viability of existing or planned streetscape enhancements.
- (e) In C-3 Districts any request for accessory parking in excess of what is permitted by right in Table 151.1, shall be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Planning Commission, subject to the procedures set forth in Section 309 of this Code. In granting approval for parking accessory to residential uses above that permitted by right in Table 151.1, the Planning Commission shall make the following affirmative findings:
- (1) For projects with 50 units or more, all residential accessory parking in excess of 0.5 parking spaces for each dwelling unit shall be stored and accessed by mechanical stackers or lifts, valet, or other space-efficient means that allows more space above-ground for housing, maximizes space efficiency and discourages use of vehicles for commuting or daily errands. The Planning Commission may authorize the request for additional parking notwithstanding that the project sponsor cannot fully satisfy this requirement provided that the project sponsor demonstrates hardship or practical infeasibility (such as for retrofit of existing buildings) in the use of space-efficient parking given the configuration of the parking floors within the building and the number of independently accessible spaces above 0.5 spaces per unit is de minimus and subsequent valet operation or other form of parking space management could not significantly increase the capacity of the parking space above the maximums in Table 151.1;

- (2) For any project with residential accessory parking in excess of 0.375 parking spaces for each dwelling unit, the project complies with the housing requirements of Sections 315 through 315.9 of this Code except as follows: the inclusionary housing requirements that apply to projects seeking conditional use authorization as designated in Section 315.3(a)(2) shall apply to the project.
 - (3) The findings of Section 151.1(d)(2), (d)(3) and (d)(5) are satisfied;
- (4) All parking meets the active use and architectural screening requirements in Sections 155(s)(1)(B) and 155(s)(1)(C) and the project sponsor is not requesting any exceptions or variances requiring such treatments elsewhere in this Code.
- (f) In RTO and NCT districts, any request for accessory parking in excess of what is principally permitted in Table 151.1, but which does not exceed the maximum amount stated in Table 151.1, shall be reviewed by the Planning Commission as a Conditional Use. In MUG, MUR, MUO, and SPD Districts, any project subject to Section 329 and that requests residential accessory parking in excess of that which is principally permitted in Table 151.1, but which does not exceed the maximum amount stated in Table 151.1, shall be reviewed by the Planning Commission according to the procedures of Section 329. Projects that are not subject to Section 329 shall be reviewed under the procedures detailed in subsection (f)(4), below. In granting such Conditional Use or exception per 329 for parking in excess of that principally permitted in Table 151.1, the Planning Commission shall make the following affirmative findings according to the uses to which the proposed parking is accessory:

(1) Parking for all uses

(A) Vehicle movement on or around the project does not unduly impact pedestrian spaces or movement, transit service, bicycle movement, or the overall traffic movement in the district:

- (B) Accommodating excess accessory parking does not degrade the overall urban design quality of the project proposal;
- (C) All above-grade parking is architecturally screened and, where appropriate, lined with active uses according to the standards of Section 145.1, and the project sponsor is not requesting any exceptions or variances requiring such treatments elsewhere in this Code; and
- (D) Excess accessory parking does not diminish the quality and viability of existing or planned streetscape enhancements.

(2) Parking for Residential Uses

(A) For projects with 50 dwelling units or more, all residential accessory parking in excess of 0.5 spaces per unit shall be stored and accessed by mechanical stackers or lifts, valet, or other space-efficient means that reduces space used for parking and maneuvering, and maximizes other uses.

(3) Parking for Non-Residential Uses

- (A) Projects that provide more than 10 spaces for non-residential uses must dedicate 5% of these spaces, rounded down to the nearest whole number, to short-term, transient use by vehicles from certified car sharing organizations per Section 166, vanpool, rideshare, taxis, or other co-operative auto programs. These spaces shall not be used for long-term storage nor satisfy the requirement of Section 166, but rather to park them during trips to commercial uses. These spaces may be used by shuttle or delivery vehicles used to satisfy subsection (B).
- (B) Retail uses larger than 20,000 square feet, including but not limited to grocery, hardware, furniture, consumer electronics, greenhouse or nursery, and appliance stores, which sell merchandise that is bulky or difficult to carry by hand or by public transit, shall offer, at minimal or no charge to its customers, door-to-door delivery service and/or

shuttle service. This is encouraged, but not required, for retail uses less than 20,000 square feet.

- (C) Parking shall be limited to short-term use only.
- (D) Parking shall be available to the general public at times when such parking is not needed to serve the use or uses to which it is accessory.
- (g) Small residential projects in MUG, MUR, MUO, and SPD Districts. Any project that is not subject to the requirements of Section 329 and that requests residential accessory parking in excess of what is principally permitted in Table 151.1 shall be reviewed by the Zoning Administrator subject to Section 307(h). The Zoning Administrator may grant parking in excess of what is principally permitted in Table 151.1, not to exceed the maximum amount stated in Table 151.1, only if the Zoning Administrator determines that all of the following conditions are met:
 - (A) all the conditions of subsection (f)(1) above have been met,
- (B) parking is not accessed from any protected Transit or Pedestrian Street described in Section 155(r), and
- (C) where more than ten spaces are proposed at least half of them, rounded down to the nearest whole number, are stored and accessed by mechanical stackers or lifts, valet, or other space-efficient means that reduces space used for parking and maneuvering, and maximizes other uses.

SEC. 155. GENERAL STANDARDS AS TO LOCATION AND ARRANGEMENT OF OFF-STREET PARKING, FREIGHT LOADING AND SERVICE VEHICLE FACILITIES.

Required off-street parking and freight loading facilities shall meet the following standards as to location and arrangement. In addition, facilities which are not required but are actually provided shall meet the following standards unless such standards are stated to be applicable solely to required facilities. In application of the standards of this Code for off-street

parking and loading, reference may be made to provisions of other portions of the Municipal Code concerning off-street parking and loading facilities, and to standards of the Bureau of Engineering of the Department of Public Works. Final authority for the application of such standards under this Code, and for adoption of regulations and interpretations in furtherance of the stated provisions of this Code shall, however, rest with the Planning Department.

- (a) Every required off-street parking or loading space shall be located on the same lot as the use served by it, except as provided in Sections 159, 160 and 161 of this Code.
- (b) Every required off-street parking or loading space shall be located in its entirety within the lot lines of private property.
- (c) Every off-street parking or loading space shall have adequate means of ingress from and egress to a street or alley. Every required off-street parking or loading space shall be independently accessible, with the exception of a parking space for a minor second dwelling unit in an RH-1(S) District, or as otherwise provided by the Bernal Heights Special Use District set forth in Section 242. In South of Market Mixed Use Districts if it is found, in accordance with the provisions of Section 307(g) of this Code, that independently accessible spaces for nonresidential activities are infeasible due to site constraints or that valet parking would provide a more convenient and efficient means of serving business clients, the substitution of attendant parking spaces for independently accessible spaces may be approved. Access to off-street loading spaces shall be from alleys in preference to streets.

Adequate reservoir space shall be provided on private property for entrance of vehicles to off-street parking and loading spaces, except with respect to spaces independently accessible directly from the street.

(1) For residential uses, independently accessible off-street parking spaces shall include spaces accessed by automated garages, or car elevators, provided that no car needs to be moved under its own power to access another car.

- (d) All off-street freight loading and service vehicle spaces in the C-3-O, C-3-R, C-3-G, DTR, MUO, MUG, MUR, and South of Market Mixed Use Districts shall be completely enclosed and access from a public street or alley shall be provided by means of a private service driveway, which is totally contained within the structure. Such a private service driveway shall include adequate space to maneuver trucks and service vehicles into and out of all provided spaces, and shall be designed so as to facilitate access to the subject property while minimizing interference with street and sidewalk circulation. Any such private service driveway shall be of adequate width to accommodate drive-in movement from the adjacent curb or inside traffic lane but shall in no case exceed 30 feet. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if an adjacent street or alley is determined by the Zoning Administrator to be primarily used for building service, up to four off-street freight or loading spaces may be allowed to be individually accessible directly from such a street or alley, pursuant to the provisions of Section 309 in a C-3-O, C-3-R or C-3-G District, the provisions of Section 307(g) in a South of Market Mixed Use District, the provisions of Section 309.1 in a DTR District, the provisions of Section 329 for projects subject to Section 329 in a MUO, MUG, or MUR District, or by administrative decision of the Zoning Administrator for projects that do are not subject to Section 329 in a MUO, MUG, or MUR District.
- (e) In a C-3 or South of Market District, where site constraints would make a consolidated freight loading and service vehicle facility impractical, service vehicle spaces required by Sections 153(a)(6) and 154(b)(3) of this Code may be located in a parking garage for the structure or other location separate from freight loading spaces.
- (f) In a C-3, Eastern Neighborhood Mixed Use District or South of Market Mixed Use District, whenever off-street freight loading spaces are provided, freight elevators immediately accessible from the loading dock shall be provided to all floors which contain uses that are included in the calculation of required number of freight loading spaces. If freight loading

facilities are subterranean, the location and operation of freight elevators shall be designed, where feasible, to discourage use of freight elevators for deliveries from the ground floor. Directories of building tenants shall be provided at all freight elevators. A raised loading dock or receiving area shall be provided with sufficient dimensions to provide for short-term storage of goods. All required freight loading and service vehicle spaces shall be made available only to those vehicles at all times, and provision shall be made to minimize interference between freight loading and service operations, and garbage dumpster operations and storage.

- (g) In order to discourage long-term commuter parking, any off-street parking spaces provided for a structure or use other than residential or hotel in a C-3 District, whether classified as an accessory or conditional use, which are otherwise available for use for long-term parking by downtown workers shall maintain a rate or fee structure for their use such that the rate charge for four hours of parking duration is no more than four times the rate charge for the first hour, and the rate charge for eight or more hours of parking duration is no less than 10 times the rate charge for the first hour. Additionally, no discounted parking rate shall be permitted for weekly, monthly or similar time-specific periods.
- (h) The internal layout of off-street parking and loading spaces, driveways, aisles and maneuvering areas shall be according to acceptable standards, and all spaces shall be clearly marked.
- (i) For each 25 off-street parking spaces provided, one such space shall be designed and designated for handicapped persons.
- (j) Except as provided by Section 155.1 and Section 155.2 below, for each 20 off-street parking spaces provided, one space shall be provided for parking of a bicycle. The most restrictive provisions of 155(j) or 155.4 shall prevail.
- (k) Off-street parking and loading facilities shall be arranged so as to prevent encroachments upon sidewalk areas and adjacent properties, in the maneuvering, standing

and storage of vehicles, by means of the layout of facilities and by use of bumper or wheel guards or such other devices as are necessary.

- (I) Driveways crossing sidewalks shall be no wider than necessary for ingress and egress, and shall be arranged, to the extent practical, so as to minimize the width and frequency of curb cuts, to maximize the number and size of on-street parking spaces available to the public, and to minimize conflicts with pedestrian and transit movements.
- (m) Every off-street parking or loading facility shall be suitably graded, surfaced, drained and maintained.
- (n) Off-street parking and loading spaces shall not occupy any required open space, except as specified in Section 136 of this Code.
- (o) No area credited as all or part of a required off-street parking space shall also be credited as all or part of a required off-street loading space, or used as all or part of an unrequired off-street loading space. No area credited as all or part of a required off-street loading space shall also be credited as all or part of a required off-street parking space, or used as all or part of an unrequired off-street parking space.
- (p) Any off-street freight loading area located within 50 feet of any R District shall be completely enclosed within a building if such freight loading area is used in regular night operation.
 - (q) Rooftop parking shall be screened as provided in Section 141(d) of this Code.
- (r) Protected Pedestrian- and Transit-Oriented Street Frontages. In order to preserve the pedestrian character of certain downtown and neighborhood commercial districts and to minimize delays to transit service, garage entries, driveways or other vehicular access to offstreet parking or loading (except for the creation of new publicly-accessible streets and alleys) shall be regulated on development lots as follows on the following street frontages, as shown in Figure 155(r):

- (1) Folsom Street, from Essex Street to the Embarcadero, not permitted except as set forth in Section 827.
- (2) Not permitted: The entire portion of Market Street in the C-3, NCT-3 and Upper Market NCT Districts, Hayes Street from Franklin Street to Laguna Street, Church Street in the NCT-3 and Upper Market NCT Districts, Van Ness Avenue from Hayes Street to Mission Street, Mission Street from 10th Street to Division Street, Octavia Street from Hayes Street to Fell Street, Embarcadero in the DTR Districts, 22nd Street between 3rd Street and Minnesota Streets within the NCT-2 District, Valencia Street between 15th and 23rd Streets in the Valencia Street NCT District, Mission Street for the entirety of the Mission Street NCT District, 24th Street for the entirety of the 24th Street-Mission NCD,16th Street between Guerrero and Capp Streets within the Valencia Street NCT and Mission Street NCT Districts, 16th St between Kansas and Mississippi Streets in the UMU and PDR-1-D Districts, 6th Street for its entirety within the SoMa NCT District, 3rd Street, in the UMU districts for 100 feet north and south of Mariposa and 100 feet north and south of 20th Streets, and 4th Street between Bryant and Townsend in the SLI and MUO District, *Ocean Avenue within the Ocean Avenue NCT District*, *Geneva Avenue from I-280 to San Jose Avenue within the NCT-2 District*.
- (3) Not permitted except with a Conditional Use authorization: The entire portion of California Street, The Embarcadero, Folsom Street, Geary Street, Mission Street, Powell Street and Stockton Street in the C-3 Districts, Grant Avenue from Market Street to Bush Street, Montgomery Street from Market Street to Columbus Avenue, Haight Street from Market Street to Webster Street, Church Street and 16th Street in the RTO District, and Duboce Street from Noe Street to Market Street, Octavia Street from Fell Street to Market Street.
- (4) In C-3, NCT and RTO Districts, no curb cuts accessing off-street parking or loading shall be created or utilized on street frontages identified along any Transit Preferential.

Citywide Pedestrian Network or Neighborhood Commercial Streets as designated in the Transportation Element of the General Plan or official city bicycle routes or bicycle lanes, where an alternative frontage is available. For bicycle lanes, the prohibition on curb cuts applies to the side or sides of the street where bicycle lanes are located; for one-way bicycle routes or lanes, the prohibition on curb cuts shall apply to the right side of the street only, unless the officially adopted alignment is along the left side of the street. Where an alternative frontage is not available, parking or loading access along any Transit Preferential, Citywide Pedestrian Network or Neighborhood Commercial Streets as designated in the Transportation Element of the General Plan or official city bicycle lane or bicycle route, may be allowed on streets not listed in subsection (2) above as an exception in the manner provided in Section 309 for C-3 Districts and in Section 303 for NCT and RTO districts in cases where it can be clearly demonstrated that the final design of the parking access minimizes negative impacts to transit movement and to the safety of pedestrians and bicyclists to the fullest extent feasible.

- (5) A "development lot" shall mean any lot containing a proposal for new construction, building alterations which would increase the gross square footage of a structure by 20 percent or more, or change of use of more than 50 percent of the gross floor area of a structure containing parking. Pre-existing access to off-street parking and loading on development lots that violates the restrictions of this Section 155(r) may not be maintained.
- (s) Off-Street Parking and Loading in C-3 Districts. In C-3 Districts, restrictions on the design and location of off-street parking and loading and access to off-street parking and loading are necessary to reduce their negative impacts on neighborhood quality and the pedestrian environment.
 - (1) Ground floor or below-grade parking and street frontages with active uses.
- (A) All off-street parking in C-3 Districts (both as accessory and principal uses) shall be built no higher than the ground-level (up to a maximum ceiling height of 20 feet from

grade) unless an exception to this requirement is granted in accordance with Section 309 and subsection 155(s)(2) or a conditional use is authorized in accordance with Section 303 and subsections 155(s)(2) or 155(s)(3) below.

- (B) Parking at the ground-level to the full height of the ground-level parking shall be lined with active uses, as defined by Section 141, to a depth of at least 25 feet along all street frontages, except for space allowed for parking and loading access, building egress, and access to mechanical systems. So as not to preclude conversion of parking space to other uses in the future, parking at the ground-level shall not be sloped and shall have a minimum clear ceiling height of nine feet.
- (i) Where a non-accessory off-street parking garage permitted under Section 223(m)--(p) is located in the Mid-Market area described below in subsection 155(s)(3)(B) and fronts more than one street of less than 45 feet in width, a conditional use may be granted in accordance with Section 303 that allows an exception to this requirement for one of the street frontages. The above provision authorizing such conditional use shall sunset eight years from the effective date of the ordinance enacting this subsection 155(s)(1)(A)(i).
- (C) Parking allowed above the ground-level in accordance with an exception under Section 309 or a conditional use in accordance with Section 303 as authorized by subsections 155(s)(2) or 155(s)(3) shall be entirely screened from public rights-of-way in a manner that accentuates ground floor retail and other uses, minimizes louvers and other mechanical features and is in keeping with the overall massing and architectural vocabulary of the building's lower floors. So as not to preclude conversion of parking space to other uses in the future, parking allowed above the ground-level shall not be sloped and shall have a minimum clear ceiling height of nine feet.
- (2) Residential accessory parking. For residential accessory off-street parking in C-3 Districts, two additional floors of above-grade parking beyond the at-grade parking allowed by

Section 155(s)(1), to a maximum ceiling height of 35 feet from grade, may be permitted subject to the provisions of subsections 155(s)(2)(A) or 155(s)(2)(B) below:

- (A) In a manner provided in Section 309 of this Code provided it can be clearly demonstrated that transportation easements or contaminated soil conditions make it practically infeasible to build parking below-ground. The determination of practical infeasibility shall be made based on an independent, third-party geotechnical assessment conducted by a licensed professional and funded by the project sponsor. The Planning Director shall make a determination as to the objectivity of the study prior to the Planning Commission's consideration of the exception application under Section 309.
- (B) As a conditional use in accordance with the criteria set forth in Section 303 of this Code, provided it can be clearly demonstrated that constructing the parking above-grade instead of underground would allow the proposed housing to meet affordability levels for which actual production has not met ABAG production targets as identified in the Housing Element of the General Plan.
- (3) Non-accessory off-street parking garages. For non-accessory off-street parking garages in C-3 Districts permitted under Section 223(m)--(p), two additional floors of abovegrade parking beyond the at-grade parking allowed by Section 155(s)(1), to a maximum ceiling height of 35 feet from grade, may be permitted subject to the provisions of subsections 155(s)(3)(A) or 155(s)(3)(B) below:
- (A) As a conditional use in accordance with the criteria set forth in Section 303, provided it can be clearly demonstrated that transportation easements or contaminated soil conditions make it practically infeasible to build parking below-ground. The determination of practical infeasibility shall be made based on an independent, third-party geotechnical assessment conducted by a licensed professional and funded by the project sponsor. The

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Planning Director shall make a determination as to the objectivity of the study prior to the Planning Commission's consideration of the conditional use permit application.

- (B) As a conditional use in accordance with the criteria set forth in Section 303. provided the site contains an existing non-accessory off-street surface parking lot with valid permits for such parking as of the effective date of the ordinance enacting this subsection and the site is located in the following Mid-Market area: Assessor's Block 0341, Lots 4 through 9 and 13; Block 0342, Lots 1, 2, 4, 7, 11, 12 and 13; Block 0350, Lots 1 through 4; Block 0355, Lots 3 through 12 and 15; Block 3507, Lot 39; Block 3508, Lots 1, 13, 18, 19, 22, 24 through 27, 39 and 40; Block 3509, Lots 18, 19, 36, 37 and 40 through 43; Block 3510, Lot 1; Block 3701, Lots 5, 8, 10, 11, 12, 20 through 24, 53, 59, 60, 63 and 64; Block 3702, Lots 1, 2, 37, 38, 39, 44, 44A, 45, 46, 47, 48, 48A, 51, 52, 53, 54, 56; Block 3703, Lots 1, 2, 3, 7, 10, 11, 12, 25, 26, 33, 40, 41, 50, 53, 56 through 68, 70, 74, 75, 76, 78 through 81, 84, 85 and 86; Block 3704, Lots 1, 3, 6, 9 through 13, 15, 17 through 22, 24, 35, 38, 39, 42, 43, 45, 62 and 67 through 79, Block 3725, Lot 78, 82, 86 through 91 and 93; Block 3727, Lot 1, 91, 94, 96, 97, 109, 117, 118, 120, 134, 168 and 173; Block 3728, Lot 1, 72, 75, 76, 81, 82, 83, 89, 103 and 105; and Block 0351, Lots 1, 22, 32, 33, 37, 39, 41, 43, 46, 47, 49, 50 and 51 This subsection 155(s)(3)(B) shall sunset eight years from the effective date of the ordinance enacting this subsection.
- (4) Parking lots permitted in C-3 Districts as temporary uses according to Section 156(h) and expansions of existing above-grade publicly accessible parking facilities are not subject to the requirements of subsections 155(s)(1)--(3).
 - (5) Parking and Loading Access.
- (A) Width of openings. Any single development is limited to a total of two facade openings of no more than 11 feet wide each or one opening of no more than 22 feet wide for access to off-street parking and one facade opening of no more than 15 feet wide for

access to off-street loading. Shared openings for parking and loading are encouraged. The maximum permitted width of a shared parking and loading garage opening is 27 feet.

(B) Porte cocheres to accommodate passenger loading and unloading are not permitted except as part of a hotel, inn or hostel use. For the purpose of this Section, a "porte cochere" is defined as an off-street driveway, either covered or uncovered, for the purpose of passenger loading or unloading, situated between the ground floor facade of the building and the sidewalk.

SEC. 201. CLASSES OF USE DISTRICTS.

In order to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Code, the City is hereby divided into the following classes of use districts:

TABLE INSET:

Public Use Districts		
RH-1(D)	Residential, House Districts, One-Family (Detached Dwellings)	
RH-1	Residential, House Districts, One-Family	
RH-1(S)	Residential, House Districts, One-Family with Minor Second Unit	
RH-2	Residential, House Districts, Two-Family	
RH-3	Residential, House Districts, Three-Family	
RM-1	Residential, Mixed Districts, Low Density	
RM-2	Residential, Mixed Districts, Moderate Density	
RM-3	Residential, Mixed Districts, Medium Density	

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RM-4	Residential, Mixed Districts, High Density
RC-1	Residential-Commercial Combined Districts, Low Density
RC-2	Residential-Commercial Combined Districts, Moderate Density
RC-3	Residential-Commercial Combined Districts, Medium Density
RC-4	Residential-Commercial Combined Districts, High Density
RTO	Residential Transit-Oriented Neighborhood Districts
RTO-M	Residential Transit-Oriented – Mission Neighborhood Districts
Neighbort	nood Commercial Districts
(Also see A	article 7)
General Ar	ea Districts
NC-1	Neighborhood Commercial Cluster District
NC-2	Small-Scale Neighborhood Commercial District
NC-3	Moderate-Scale Neighborhood Commercial District
NC-S	Neighborhood Commercial Shopping Center District
Individual A	Area Districts
Broadway	Neighborhood Commercial
District	
Castro Stre	eet Neighborhood Commercial

Planning Department **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

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	District
	Inner Clement Street Neighborhood
	Commercial District
	Outer Clement Street Neighborhood
	Commercial District
	Upper Fillmore Street Neighborhood
	Commercial District
	Haight Street Neighborhood Commercial
	District
	Hayes-Gough Neighborhood Commercial
	District
	Inner Sunset Neighborhood Commercial
	District
	Upper Market Street Neighborhood
	Commercial District
	North Beach Neighborhood Commercial
	District
	Polk Street Neighborhood Commercial
	District
,	Sacramento Street Neighborhood Commercial
	District
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Ocean Aven	102
Commercia	ll Districts
C-1	Neighborhood Shopping Districts
C-2	Community Business Districts
C-M	Heavy Commercial Districts
C-3-O	Downtown Office District
C-3-R	Downtown Retail District
C-3-G	Downtown General Commercial District
C-3-S	Downtown Support District
Industrial D	istricts
M-1	Light Industrial Districts
M-2	Heavy Industrial Districts
PDR-1-B	Production Distribution and Repair – Light Industrial Buffer
PDR-1-D	Production Distribution and Repair – Design
PDR-1-G	Production Distribution and Repair - General
PDR-2	Core Production Distribution and Repair – Bayview

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MUG	Mixed Use – General	
MUO	Mixed Use – Office	
MUŖ	Mixed Use – Residential	
UMU	Urban Mixed Use	
Downtown I	Residential Districts	
(Also see	Article 8)	
RH-DTR	Rincon Hill Downtown Residential	
SB-DTR	South Beach Downtown Residential	
Mission Bay	/ Districts	
(Also see A	rticle 9)	
MB-R-1	Mission Bay Lower Density Residential District	
MB-R-2	Mission Bay Moderate Density Residential District	
MB-R-3	Mission Bay High Density Residential District	
MB-NC-2	Mission Bay Small Scale Neighborhood Commercial District	
MB-NC-3	Mission Bay Moderate Scale Neighborhood Commercial District	
MB-NC-S	Mission Bay Neighborhood Commercial Shopping Center District	
МВ-О	Mission Bay Office District	
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MB-CI	Mission Bay Commercial-Industrial District
МВ-Н	Mission Bay Hotel District
MB-CF	Mission Bay Community Facilities District
MB-OS	Mission Bay Open Space District

SEC. 312. NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL PERMIT REVIEW PROCEDURES FOR ALL NC DISTRICTS.

- (a) Purpose. The purpose of this Section is to establish procedures for reviewing building permit applications for lots in NC Districts in order to determine compatibility of the proposal with the neighborhood and for providing notice to property owners, occupants and residents neighboring the site of the proposed project and to interested neighborhood organizations, so that concerns about a project may be identified and resolved during the review of the permit.
- (b) Applicability. Except as indicated herein, all building permit applications for demolition, new construction, changes in use to a formula retail use as defined in Section 703.3 of this Code or alterations which expand the exterior dimensions of a building shall be subject to the notification and review procedures required by Subsection 312(d). Subsection 312(f) regarding demolition permits and approval of replacement structures shall apply to all NC Districts. For the purposes of this Section, addition to a building of the features listed in Section 136(c)(1) through 136(c)(24) and 136(c)(26) shall not be subject to notification under this Section.
- (c) Changes of Use. All building permit applications for a change of use to a bar, as defined in Section 790.22, a liquor store, as defined in Section 790.55, a walkup facility, as defined in Section 790.140, other large institutions, as defined in Section 790.50, other small institutions, as defined in Section 790.51, a full-service restaurant, as defined in Section

790.92, a large fast food restaurant, as defined in Section 790.90, a small self-service restaurant, as defined in Section 790.91, a massage establishment, as defined in Section 790.60, an outdoor activity, as defined in Section 790.70, an adult or other entertainment use, as defined in Sections 790.36 and 790.38, or a fringe financial service use, as defined in Section 790.111, shall be subject to the provisions of Subsection 312(d). *In addition, any accessory massage use in the Ocean Avenue Neighborhood Commercial Transit District shall be subject to the provisions of Subsection 312(d)*.

- (d) Building Permit Application Review for Compliance and Notification. Upon acceptance of any application subject to this Section, the Planning Department shall review the proposed project for compliance with the Planning Code and any applicable design guidelines approved by the Planning Commission. Applications determined not to be in compliance with the standards of Articles 1.2, 1.5, 2 and 2.5 of the Planning Code, including design guidelines for specific areas adopted by the Planning Commission, or with any applicable conditions of previous approvals regarding the project, shall be held until either the application is determined to be in compliance, is disapproved or a recommendation for cancellation is sent to the Department of Building Inspection.
- (1) Neighborhood Commercial Design Guidelines. The construction of new buildings and alteration of existing buildings in NC Districts shall be consistent with the design policies and guidelines of the General Plan as adopted and periodically amended for specific areas or conditions by the Planning Commission. The Director of Planning may require modifications to the exterior of a proposed new building or proposed alteration of an existing building in order to bring it into conformity with the General Plan. These modifications may include, but are not limited to, changes in siting, building envelope, scale texture and detailing, openings, and landscaping.

- (2) Notification. Upon determination that an application is in compliance with the development standards of the Planning Code, the Planning Department shall cause a notice to be posted on the site pursuant to rules established by the Zoning Administrator and shall cause a written notice describing the proposed project to be sent in the manner described below. This notice shall be in addition to any notices required by the Building Code and shall have a format and content determined by the Zoning Administrator. It shall include a description of the proposal compared to any existing improvements on the site with dimensions of the basic features, elevations and site plan of the proposed project including the position of any adjacent buildings, exterior dimensions and finishes, a graphic reference scale, existing and proposed uses and commercial or institutional business name, if known. The notice shall describe the project review process and shall set forth the mailing date of the notice and the expiration date of the notification period. Written notice shall be mailed to the notification group which shall include the project sponsor. relevant neighborhood organizations as described in Subparagraph 312(d)(2)(C) below, all individuals having made a written request for notification for a specific parcel or parcels pursuant to Planning Code Section 351 and all owners and, to the extent practical, occupants, of properties in the notification area.
- (A) The notification area shall be all properties within 150 feet of the subject lot in the same Assessor's Block and on the block face across from the subject lot. When the subject lot is a corner lot, the notification area shall further include all property on both block faces across from the subject lot, and the corner property diagonally across the street.
- (B) The latest City-wide Assessor's roll for names and addresses of owners shall be used for said notice.
- (C) The Planning Department shall maintain a list, updated every six months with current contact information, available for public review, and kept at the Planning

Department's Planning Information Counter, and reception desk, as well as the Department of Building Inspection's Building Permit Counter, of neighborhood organizations which have indicated an interest in specific properties or areas. The organizations having indicated an interest in the subject lot or its area shall be included in the notification group for the proposed project. Notice to these groups shall be verified by a declaration of mailing signed under penalty of perjury. In the event that such an organization is not included in the notification group for a proposed project as required under this subsection, the proposed project must be re-noticed.

- (3) Notification Period. All building permit applications shall be held for a period of 30 calendar days from the date of the mailed notice to allow review by residents, occupants, owners of neighboring properties and by neighborhood groups.
- (4) Elimination of Duplicate Notice. The notice provisions of this Section may be waived by the Zoning Administrator for building permit applications for projects that have been, or before approval will be, the subject of a duly noticed public hearing before the Planning Commission or Zoning Administrator, provided that the nature of work for which the building permit application is required is both substantially included in the hearing notice and is the subject of the hearing.
- (e) Requests for Planning Commission Review. A request for the Planning Commission to exercise its discretionary review powers over a specific building permit application shall be considered by the Planning Commission if received by the Planning Department no later than 5:00 p.m. of the last day of the notification period as described under Subsection (d)(3) above, subject to guidelines adopted by the Planning Commission. The project sponsor of a building permit application may request discretionary review by the Planning Commission to resolve conflicts between the Director of Planning and the project

sponsor concerning requested modifications to comply with relevant design guidelines of the General Plan.

- (1) Scheduling of Hearing. The Zoning Administrator shall set a time for hearing requests for discretionary review by the Planning Commission within a reasonable period.
- (2) Notice. Mailed notice of the discretionary review hearing by the Planning Commission shall be given not less than 10 days prior to the date of the hearing to the notification group as described in Paragraph 312(d)(2) above. Posted notice of the hearing shall be made as provided under Planning Code Section 306.8.
- (f) Demolition of Dwellings, Approval of Replacement Structure Required. Unless the building is determined to pose a serious and imminent hazard as defined in the Building Code an application authorizing demolition in any NC District of an historic or architecturally important building or of a dwelling shall not be approved and issued until the City has granted final approval of a building permit for construction of the replacement building. A building permit is finally approved if the Board of Appeals has taken final action for approval on an appeal of the issuance or denial of the permit or if the permit has been issued and the time for filing an appeal with the Board has lapsed with no appeal filed.
- (1) The demolition of any building whether or not historically and architecturally important may be approved administratively where the Director of the Department of Building Inspection or the Chief of the Bureau of Fire Prevention and Public Safety determines, after consultation with the Zoning Administrator, that an imminent safety hazard exists, and the Director of the Department of Building Inspection determines that demolition or extensive alteration of the structure is the only feasible means to secure the public safety.
- (g) Wireless Telecommunications Services Facility as Accessory Use, Notification and Review Required. Building permit applications for new construction of a wireless telecommunications services facility as an accessory use under Article 7 of the Planning Code

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in all NC Districts shall be subject to the notification and review procedures required by this Section.

SEC. 330. BALBOA PARK COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS FUND.

Sections 330 to 330.6 set forth the requirements and procedures for the Balboa Park
Community Improvements Fund.

SEC. 330.1. FINDINGS.

(a) New Residential and Non-Residential Uses. The Balboa Park Station Area Plan is a part of the Better Neighborhoods Program that recognizes population growth is beneficial in neighborhoods well-served by transit. As such, the Balboa Park Area Plan aims to strengthen neighborhood character, the neighborhood commercial district, and transit by increasing the housing and retail capacity in the area. This project goal will also help to meet ABAG's projected demand to provide housing in the Bay Area by encouraging the construction of higher density housing. The Balboa Park Plan Area can better accommodate this growth because of its easy access to public transit, proximity to downtown, convenience of neighborhood shops to meet daily needs, and the availability of development opportunity sites. San Francisco's land constraints limit new housing construction to areas of the City not previously designated as residential areas, infill sites, or areas that can absorb increased density. The Balboa Park Plan Area presents an opportunity to both absorb increased density and provide infill development within easy walking distance to transit while maintaining neighborhood character. The Better Neighborhoods Program also calls for strong neighborhood commercial cores and a transit-oriented neighborhood requires a full range of neighborhood serving businesses. The Plan builds on existing neighborhood character and establishes new standards for amenities necessary for a transit-oriented neighborhood.

(b) Need for Public Improvements to Accompany New Uses. The amendments to the General Plan, Planning Code, and Zoning Maps that correspond to this ordinance will permit an increased amount of new housing and other uses, as noted above. The Planning Department anticipates an

1	increase of at least 1,780 new housing units within the next 20 years, and over 225 new jobs, as
2	described in the Balboa Park Station Area Plan Draft Environmental Impact Report and the
- 3	Community Improvements Program. This new development will have an impact on the Plan Area's
4	neighborhood infrastructure. New development will generate needs for street improvements, transit
5	improvements, and community facilities and services improvements. As described in the Balboa Park
6	Community Improvements Program, on file with the Clerk of the Board in File No. 090179.
7	The Balboa Park Station Area Plan addresses existing deficiencies and new impacts through a
8	comprehensive package of public benefits described in the Balboa Park Community Improvements
9	Program. This Program will enable the City and County of San Francisco to provide necessary public
10	infrastructure to new residents while increasing neighborhood livability and investment in the district.
11	(c) Project Feasibility. Due to the high cost of land within the City, it has been determined that
12	the imposition of requirements and fees based on the full impact of new development would be overly
13	burdensome to new development and hinder the City's policy goal of providing a significant amount of
14	new housing. Therefore, impact fees have been set at a level that will not hinder this policy goal
15	overall.
16	(d) Programmed Improvements. General public improvements and amenities needed to meet
17	the needs of both existing residents, as well as those needs generated by new development, have been
18	identified through a community planning processes. The Planning Department developed generalized
19	cost estimates, based on similar project types implemented by the City in the relevant time period, to
20	provide reasonable approximates for the eventual cost of providing necessary community
21	improvements to respond to identified community needs. In some cases, design work, engineering, and
22	environmental review will be required and may alter the nature of the improvements, as well as the sun
23	total of the cost for these improvements.
24	(e) Balboa Park Impact Fee. Development impact fees are an effective approach to mitigate
25	impacts associated with growth in population. The proposed Balboa Park Impact Fee would be

1	dedicated to community improvements in the Plan Area; directing benefits of the fund to those who pay
2	into the fund by providing the necessary infrastructure improvements needed to serve new development.
3	The Planning Department has calculated the fee rate based on accepted professional methods for the
4	calculation of such fees, and described fully in the Balboa Park Community Improvements Program,
5	San Francisco Planning Department, Case No. 2004.1059U on file with the Clerk of the Board in File
6	<u>No. 090179</u> .
7	The proposed fee would cover less than the full impact of new development. The proposed fee
8	only covers a portion of impacts caused by new development and is not intended to remedy existing
9	deficiencies. Existing deficiency costs will be paid for by the public, the community, and other private
10	sources as described in the Balboa Park Community Improvements Program. Residential and non-
11	residential impact fees are only one of many revenue sources necessary to implement the community
12	improvements outlined in the Plan.
13	SEC. 330.2. DEFINITIONS.
14	Definitions from section 318.2 shall apply unless otherwise noted in this Section. The following
15	definitions shall govern this ordinance:
16	(a) "Residential Use" shall mean any type of use containing dwellings as defined in Section
17	209.1 of the Planning Code or containing group housing as defined in Section 209.2(a)— (c) of the
18	Planning Code, and 790.88, as relevant for the subject zoning district.
19	(b) "Non-Residential Use" use shall include everything not mentioned in the residential
20	definition, including but not limited to any structure or portion thereof intended for occupancy by
21	retail, office, commercial or other nonresidential uses defined in Section 217, 218, 219 and 221, and
22	also in 209.3 and 209.8 of the Planning Code. Publicly owned community facilities, including libraries
23	and recreational facilities, and privately owned child care facilities are not defined as a "non-
24	residential" use.

- (b) Prior to the issuance by the Department of Building Inspection (DBI) of the first site or building permit for a residential development project or residential component of a mixed use project within the Project Area, the sponsor of any project containing residential space subject to the Balboa Park Impact Fee shall pay to the Treasurer \$8.00 per gross square foot.
- (c) Prior to the issuance by DBI of the first site or building permit for a non-residential development project or a non-residential component of a mixed use project within the Project Area, the sponsor of any project containing non-residential space subject to the Balboa Park Impact Fee shall pay to the Treasurer \$1.50 per gross square foot.
- (d) Upon request of the sponsor and upon payment of the Balboa Park Impact Fee in full to the Treasurer, the execution of a Waiver Agreement or In-Kind agreement approved as described herein, the Treasurer shall issue a certification that the obligations of this Section of the Planning Code have been met. The sponsor shall present such certification to the Planning Department and DBI prior to the issuance by DBI of the first site or building permit for the development project. DBI shall not issue the site or building permit without the Treasurer's certification that the fees required by this Section have been paid or otherwise satisfied. Any failure of the Treasurer, DBI, or the Planning Department to give notice of requirements under this Section shall not relieve a sponsor from compliance with this Section. Where DBI inadvertently issues a site or building permit without payment of the fee, Planning and DBI shall not issue any further permits or a certificate of occupancy for the project without certification of fee payment from the Treasurer. The procedure set forth in this Subsection is not intended to preclude enforcement of the provisions of this Section under any other Section of this Code, or other authority under the laws of the City or State.
- (e) Fee Adjustments. In conjunction with the five-year Monitoring Program described in

 Administrative Code Chapter 10E, the City may review the amount of the Balboa Park Impact Fee, and

 consider whether an adjustment in fees is warranted according to a change in construction costs

 according to changes published in the Construction Cost Index published by the Engineering News

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Record or according to another similar cost index. The City may adjust fees based on changes in estimated costs of the underlying improvements to be funded through the Balboa Park Impact Fee as listed in the Balboa Park Community Improvements Program. Revision of the fee should be done in coordination with revision to other like fees whenever possible. The Planning Department shall provide notice of any fee adjustment including the formula used to calculate the adjustment on its website and to any interested party who has requested such notice at least 30 days prior to the adjustment taking effect.

(f) Option for In-Kind Provision of Public Benefits. The Planning Commission may reduce the Balboa Park Impact Fee described above for specific development proposals in cases where the Planning Director recommends such an In-kind provision, and the project sponsor has entered into an In-Kind Agreement with the City. In-kind improvements may be recommended only where said improvements have been prioritized in the Plan, where they meet an identified community need as analyzed in the Balboa Park Community Improvements Program, and where they substitute for improvements to be provided by fee revenue such as street improvements, transit improvements, and community facilities. No proposal for In-kind improvements shall be accepted if it is not recommended by the Planning Director according to the criteria above. Project sponsors that pursue an In-kind improvement will be billed time and materials for any additional administrative costs that the Department incurs in processing the request.

(1) The value of the improvements provided through the In-kind agreement shall be equivalent to the portion of the Balboa Park Impact Fee that is waived. For the purposes of calculating the total value, the project sponsor shall provide the Planning Department with a cost estimate for the proposed in-kind improvement(s) from two independent sources or, if relevant, real estate appraisers. If the City has completed a detailed site-specific cost estimate for a planned improvement this may serve as one of the cost estimates provided it is indexed to current cost of construction. Based on these estimates, the Planning Director shall determine their appropriate value and the Planning Commission may reduce

1	If the Board grants a reduction, adjustment or waiver, the Clerk of the Board shall promptly transmit
2	the nature and extent of the reduction, adjustment or waiver to the Treasurer and Planning
3	Department.
4	(2) Waiver or Reduction Based on Duplication of Fees. This Section details waivers and
5	reductions available by right for project sponsors that fulfill the requirements below.
6	(A) A project applicant subject to the requirements of this Section who has received an
7	approved building permit, conditional use permit, or similar discretionary approval and who submits a
8	new or revised building permit, conditional use permit, or similar discretionary approval for the same
9	property shall be granted a reduction, adjustment, or waiver of the requirements of Section 330.3 of the
10	Planning Code with respect to the square footage of construction previously approved.
11	(B) The City shall not assess duplicative fees on new development. In general project
12	sponsors are only eligible for fee waivers under this clause if a contribution to another fee program
13	would result in a duplication of charges for a particular type of community infrastructure. Therefore
14	applicants may receive a waiver for only the portion of the Balboa Park Community Improvements
15	Fund that addresses that infrastructure type. Requirements under Section 135 do not qualify for waiver
16	or reductions. Should future fees pose a duplicative charge, the same methodology shall apply and the
17	Planning Department shall update the schedule of waivers or reductions accordingly.
18	SEC. 330.4. LIEN PROCEEDINGS.
19	(a) A sponsor's failure to comply with the requirements of Sections 330.3, shall constitute cause
20	for the City to record a lien against the development project in the sum of the fees required under this
21	ordinance. The fee required by Section 330.3 of this ordinance is due and payable to the Treasurer
22	prior to issuance of the first building or site permit for the development project unless a Waiver
23	Agreement has been executed. If, for any reason, the fee remains unpaid following issuance of the
24	permit and no Waiver Agreement has been executed, any amount due shall accrue interest at the rate of
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one and one-half percent per month, or fraction thereof, from the date of issuance of the permit until the date of final payment.

(b) If, for any reason, the fee imposed pursuant to this ordinance remains unpaid following issuance of the permit, the Treasurer shall initiate proceedings in accordance with Article XX of Chapter 10 of the San Francisco Administrative Code to make the entire unpaid balance of the fee, including interest, a lien against all parcels used for the development project and shall send all notices required by that Article to the owner of the property as well as the sponsor. The Treasurer shall prepare a preliminary report notifying the sponsor of a hearing to confirm such report by the Board of Supervisors at least 10 days before the date of the hearing. The report to the sponsor shall contain the sponsor's name, a description of the sponsor's development project, a description of the parcels of real property to be encumbered as set forth in the Assessor's Map Books for the current year, a description of the alleged violation of this ordinance, and shall fix a time, date, and place for hearing. The Treasurer shall cause this report to be mailed to the sponsor and each owner of record of the parcels of real property subject to lien. Except for the release of lien recording fees authorized by Administrative Code Section 10.237, all sums collected by the Tax Collector pursuant to this ordinance shall be held in trust by the Treasurer and deposited in the Balboa Park Community Improvements Fund established in Section 330.6.

(c) Any notice required to be given to a sponsor or owner shall be sufficiently given or served upon the sponsor or owner for all purposes hereunder if personally served upon the sponsor or owner or if deposited, postage prepaid, in a post office letterbox addressed in the name of the sponsor or owner at the official address of the sponsor or owner maintained by the Tax Collector for the mailing of tax bills or, if no such address is available, to the sponsor at the address of the development project and to the applicant for the site or building permit at the address on the permit application.

SEC. 330.5. BALBOA PARK IMPACT FEE REFUND WHEN BUILDING PERMIT IS MODIFIED OR EXPIRES PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF WORK AND COMMENCEMENT OF OCCUPANCY.

In the event a building permit is modified to expand or reduce project size, the obligation to comply with this ordinance shall be modified accordingly. In the event a building expires prior to completion of the work on and commencement of occupancy of a residential or non-residential development project so that it will be necessary to obtain a new permit to carry out any development, the obligation to comply with this ordinance shall be cancelled and any Balboa Park Impact Fee previously paid to the Treasurer shall be refunded. If and when the sponsor applies for a new permit, the procedures set forth in this ordinance regarding payment of the Balboa Park Impact Fee shall be followed.

SEC. 330.6. BALBOA PARK COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS FUND.

- (a) There is hereby established a separate fund set aside for a special purpose entitled the Balboa Park Community Improvements Fund ("Fund"). All monies collected by the Treasurer pursuant to Section 330.3 shall be deposited in a special fund maintained by the Controller. The receipts in the Fund to be used solely to fund community improvements subject to the conditions of this Section.
- (b) Expenditures from the Fund shall be recommended by the Planning Commission and administered by the Board of Supervisors.
- (1) All monies deposited in the Fund shall be used to design, engineer, acquire, and develop and improve streets, transit, parks, plazas and open space, and community facilities and services as defined in the Balboa Park Community Improvements Program with the Plan Area. Funds may be used for childcare facilities that are not publicly owned or "publicly-accessible". Monies from the Fund may be used by the Planning Commission to commission economic analyses for the purpose of revising the fee pursuant to Section 330.3 above.

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legal challenges related to such fees. Administration of this fund includes time and materials associated with reporting requirements and maintenance of the fund. All interest earned on this account shall be credited to the Balboa Park Community Improvements Fund. (c) Funds shall be deposited into specific accounts according to the improvement type for which

(2) Funds may be used for administration and accounting of fund assets and for fees related to

they were collected. Funds from a specific account may be assigned to a different improvement type, provided said account or fund is reimbursed over a five-year period of fee collection. Funds shall be allocated to accounts by improvement type as described below in Table 330.1 and as supported by the Balboa Park Community Improvements Program Nexus Study, San Francisco Planning Department, Case No. 2004.1059U, monitored according to the Balboa Park Monitoring Program described in Administrative Code Chapter 10.

TABLE 330.1

BREAKDOWN OF BALBOA PARK COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS FEE/FUND BY

IMPROVEMENT TYPE

Improvement Type	<u>%Fee</u>
	<u>Allocation</u>
Streets	<u>38%</u>
<u>Transit</u>	<u>13%</u>
Parks, Plazas, Open	<u>30%</u>
<u>Space</u>	
Community facilities and	<u>19%</u>
services/Other	

(d) With full participation by the Planning Department and related implementing agencies, the Controller's Office shall file a report with the Board of Supervisors beginning 180 days after the last

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day of the fiscal year of the effective date of this ordinance that shall include the following elements:

(1) a description of the type of fee in each account or fund; (2) beginning and ending balance of the accounts or funds including any bond funds held by an outside trustee; (3) amount of fees collected and interest earned; (4) identification of each public improvement on which fees or bond funds were expended and amount of each expenditure; (5) an identification of the approximate date by which the construction of public improvements will commence; (6) a description of any inter-fund transfer or loan and the public improvement on which the transferred funds will be expended; and (7) amount of refunds made and any allocations of unexpended fees that are not refunded.

(e) Approximately every fifth fiscal year following, to be coordinated with other planning efforts monitoring activity, the first deposit into the account the following account reporting shall be made by the Controller's office in coordination with the Planning Department: (1) purpose to which the fee is to be put; (2) demonstrate a reasonable relationship between the fee and the purpose for which it is charged; (3) identify all sources and amounts of funding anticipated to complete financing in incomplete improvements identified in this ordinance and subsequent reporting; and (4) designate the approximate dates on which the sources and amounts of funding is expected to be deposited into the appropriate account or fund. The reporting requirements detailed in this Section refer to the current requirements under State law, Government Code 66000 and are detailed here to insure that this fund fulfills all legal obligations as detailed by the State. Any applicable amendments to State law, Government Code 66000, automatically apply to the reporting requirements of this ordinance and the ordinance should be amended accordingly.

(f) A public hearing shall be held by the Recreation and Parks Commissions to elicit public comment on proposals for the acquisition of property using monies in the Fund that will ultimately be maintained by the Department of Recreation and Parks. Notice of public hearings shall be published in an official newspaper at least 20 days prior to the date of the hearing, which notice shall set forth the time, place, and purpose of the hearing. The Parks Commissions may vote to recommend to the Board

of Supervisors that it appropriate money from the Fund for acquisition and development of property acquired for park use.

- (g) The Planning Commission shall work with other City agencies and commissions, specifically the Department of Recreation and Parks, Department of Public Works, and the Municipal Transportation Authority to develop agreements related to the administration of the improvements to existing public facilities and development of new public facilities within public rights-of-way or on any acquired public property using such monies as have been allocated for that purpose at a hearing of the Board of Supervisors.
- (h) The Planning Commission, based on findings from the Inter-Agency Plan Implementation

 Committee (IPIC), shall make recommendations to the Board regarding allocation of funds.

SEC. 607.1. NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS.

Signs located in Neighborhood Commercial Districts shall be regulated as provided herein, except for those signs which are exempted by Section 603 of this Code. In the event of conflict between the provisions of Section 607.1 and other provisions of Article 6, the provisions of Section 607.1 shall prevail in Neighborhood Commercial Districts, provided that with respect to properties also located in the Upper Market Special Sign District, the provisions of Section 608.10 of this Code shall prevail.

- (a) Purposes and Findings. In addition to the purposes stated in Sections 101 and 601 of this Code, the following purposes apply to Neighborhood Commercial Districts. These purposes constitute findings that form a basis for regulations and provide guidance for their application.
- (1) As Neighborhood Commercial Districts change, they need to maintain their attractiveness to customers and potential new businesses alike. Physical amenities and a pleasant appearance will profit both existing and new enterprises.

- (2) The character of signs and other features projecting from buildings is an important part of the visual appeal of a street and the general quality and economic stability of the area. Opportunities exist to relate these signs and projections more effectively to street design and building design. These regulations establish a framework that will contribute toward a coherent appearance of Neighborhood Commercial Districts.
- (3) Neighborhood Commercial Districts are typically mixed use areas with commercial units on the ground or lower stories and residential uses on upper stories. Although signs and other advertising devices are essential to a vital commercial district, they should not be allowed to interfere with or diminish the livability of residential units within a Neighborhood Commercial District or in adjacent residential districts.
- (4) The scale of most Neighborhood Commercial Districts as characterized by building height, bulk, and appearance, and the width of streets and sidewalks differs from that of other commercial and industrial districts. Sign sizes should relate and be compatible with the surrounding district scale.
- (b) Signs or Sign Features Not Permitted in NC Districts. Roof signs as defined in Section 602.16 of this Code, wind signs as defined in Section 602.22 of this Code, and signs on canopies, as defined in Section 136.1(b) of this Code, are not permitted in NC Districts. No sign shall have or consist of any moving, rotating, or otherwise physically animated part, or lights that give the appearance of animation by flashing, blinking, or fluctuating, except as permitted by Section 607.1(i) of this Code. In additional signs or sign features not otherwise specifically regulated in this Section 607.1 shall be prohibited.
- (c) Identifying Signs. Identifying signs, as defined in Section 602.10, shall be permitted in all Neighborhood Commercial Districts subject to the limits set forth below.
- (1) One sign per lot shall be permitted and such sign shall not exceed 20 square feet in area. The sign may be a freestanding sign, if the building is recessed from the street

property line, or may be a wall sign or a projecting sign. The existence of a freestanding identifying sign shall preclude the erection of a freestanding business sign on the same lot. A wall or projecting sign shall be mounted on the first-story level; a freestanding sign shall not exceed 15 feet in height. Such sign may be nonilluminated, indirectly illuminated, or directly illuminated.

- (2) One sign identifying a shopping center or shopping mall shall be permitted subject to the conditions in Paragraph (1), but shall not exceed 30 square feet in area. Any sign identifying a permitted use listed in zoning categories .40 through .70 in Section 703.2(a) in an NC District shall be considered a business sign and subject to Section 607.1(f) of this Code. Such signs may be nonilluminated, indirectly illuminated, or directly illuminated during the hours of operation of the businesses in the shopping center or shopping mall.
- (d) Nameplates. One nameplate, as defined in Section 602.12 of this Code, not exceeding an area of two square feet, shall be permitted for each noncommercial use in NC Districts.
- (e) General Advertising Signs. General advertising signs, as defined in Section 602.7, shall be permitted in Neighborhood Commercial Districts, except in the Inner Sunset Neighborhood Commercial District where they are not permitted, as provided for below. In NC Districts where such signs are permitted, general advertising signs may be either a wall sign or freestanding, provided that the surface of any freestanding sign shall be parallel to and within three feet of an adjacent building wall. In either case, the building wall shall form a complete backdrop for the sign, as the sign is viewed from all points from a street or alley from which it is legible. No general advertising sign shall be permitted to cover part or all of any windows. Any extension of the copy beyond the rectangular perimeter of the sign shall be included in the calculation of the sign, as defined in Section 602.1(a) of this Code.

- (1) NC-2, NCT-2, and NC-S Districts. No more than one general advertising sign shall be permitted per lot or in NC-S Districts, per district. Such sign shall not exceed 72 square feet in area nor exceed 12 feet in height. Such sign may be either nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated.
- (2) NC-3, NCT-3, and Broadway Districts. No more than one general advertising sign not exceeding 300 square feet or two general advertising signs of 72 square feet each shall be permitted per lot. The height of any such sign shall not exceed 24 feet, or the height of the wall to which it is attached, or the height of the lowest of any residential windowsills on the wall to which it is attached, whichever is lower, if a wall sign, or the adjacent wall or the top of the adjacent wall if a freestanding sign, whichever is lower.
- (A) NC-3 and NCT-3 Districts. Signs may be either nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated.
- (f) Business Signs. Business signs, as defined in Section 602.3 shall be permitted in all Neighborhood Commercial Districts subject to the limits set forth below.
 - (1) NC-1 <u>and NCT-1</u> Districts.
- (A) Window Signs. The total area of all window signs, as defined in Section 602.1(b), shall not exceed 1/3 the area of the window on or in which the signs are located. Such signs may be nonilluminated, indirectly illuminated, or directly illuminated.
- (B) Wall Signs. The area of all wall signs shall not exceed one square foot per square foot of street frontage occupied by the business measured along the wall to which the signs are attached, or 50 square feet for each street frontage, whichever is less. The height of any wall sign shall not exceed 15 feet or the height of the wall to which it is attached. Such signs may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated; or during business hours, may be directly illuminated.

- (C) Projecting Signs. The number of projecting signs shall not exceed one per business. The area of such sign, as defined in Section 602.1(a), shall not exceed 24 square feet. The height of such sign shall not exceed 15 feet or the height of the wall to which it is attached. No part of the sign shall project more than 75 percent of the horizontal distance from the street property line to the curbline, or six feet six inches, whichever is less. The sign may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated, or during business hours, may be directly illuminated.
- (D) Signs on Awnings. Sign copy may be located on permitted awnings in lieu of wall signs and projecting signs. The area of such sign copy as defined in Section 602.1(c) shall not exceed 20 square feet. Such sign copy may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated.
- (2) NC-2, NCT-2, NC-S, Broadway, Castro Street, Inner Clement Street, Outer Clement Street, Upper Fillmore Street, Inner Sunset, Haight Street, Hayes-Gough, Upper Market Street, North Beach, <u>Ocean Avenue</u>, Polk Street, Sacramento Street, SoMa, Union Street, Valencia Street, 24th Street-Mission, 24th Street--Noe Valley, and West Portal Avenue Neighborhood Commercial Districts.
- (A) Window Signs. The total area of all window signs, as defined in Section 602.1(b), shall not exceed 1/3 the area of the window on or in which the signs are located. Such signs may be nonilluminated, indirectly illuminated, or directly illuminated.
- (B) Wall Signs. The area of all wall signs shall not exceed two square feet per foot of street frontage occupied by the use measured along the wall to which the signs are attached, or 100 square feet for each street frontage, whichever is less. The height of any wall sign shall not exceed 24 feet, or the height of the wall to which it is attached, or the height of the lowest of any residential windowsill on the wall to which the sign is attached, whichever is lower. Such signs may be nonilluminated, indirectly, or directly illuminated.

- (C) Projecting Signs. The number of projecting signs shall not exceed one per business. The area of such sign, as defined in Section 602.1(a), shall not exceed 24 square feet. The height of such sign shall not exceed 24 feet, or the height of the wall to which it is attached, or the height of the lowest of any residential windowsill on the wall to which the sign is attached, whichever is lower. No part of the sign shall project more than 75 percent of the horizontal distance from the street property line to the curbline, or six feet six inches, whichever is less. Such signs may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated; or during business hours, may be directly illuminated.
- (D) Signs on Awnings and Marquees. Sign copy may be located on permitted awnings or marquees in lieu of projecting signs. The area of such sign copy as defined in Section 602.1(c) shall not exceed 30 square feet. Such sign copy may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated; except that sign copy on marquees for movie theaters or places of entertainment may be directly illuminated during business hours.
- (E) Freestanding Signs and Sign Towers. With the exception of automotive gas and service stations, which are regulated under Paragraph 607.1(f)(4), one freestanding sign or sign tower per lot shall be permitted in lieu of a projecting sign, if the building or buildings are recessed from the street property line. The existence of a freestanding business sign shall preclude the erection of a freestanding identifying sign on the same lot. The area of such freestanding sign or sign tower, as defined in Section 602.1(a), shall not exceed 20 square feet nor shall the height of the sign exceed 24 feet. No part of the sign shall project more than 75 percent of the horizontal distance from the street property line to the curbline, or six feet, whichever is less. Such signs may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated; or during business hours, may be directly illuminated.
 - (3) Mission Street NCT, NC-3, and NCT-3 Neighborhood Commercial Districts.

- (A) Window Signs. The total area of all window signs, as defined in Section 602.1(b), shall not exceed 1/3 the area of the window on or in which the signs are located. Such signs may be nonilluminated, indirectly illuminated, or directly illuminated.
- (B) Wall Signs. The area of all wall signs shall not exceed three square feet per foot of street frontage occupied by the use measured along the wall to which the signs are attached, or 150 square feet for each street frontage, whichever is less. The height of any wall sign shall not exceed 24 feet, or the height of the wall to which it is attached, or the height of the lowest of any residential windowsill on the wall to which the sign is attached, whichever is lower. Such signs may be nonilluminated, indirectly, or directly illuminated.
- (C) Projecting Signs. The number of projecting signs shall not exceed one per business. The area of such sign, as defined in Section 602.1(a), shall not exceed 32 square feet. The height of the sign shall not exceed 24 feet, or the height of the wall to which it is attached, or the height of the lowest of any residential windowsill on the wall to which the sign is attached, whichever is lower. No part of the sign shall project more than 75 percent of the horizontal distance from the street property line to the curbline, or six feet six inches, whichever is less. Such signs may be nonilluminated, indirectly, or directly illuminated.
- (D) Sign Copy on Awnings and Marquees. Sign copy may be located on permitted awnings or marquees in lieu of projecting signs. The area of such sign copy, as defined in Section 602.1(c), shall not exceed 40 square feet. Such sign copy may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated; except that sign copy on marquees for movie theaters or places of entertainment may be directly illuminated during business hours.
- (E) Freestanding Signs and Sign Towers. With the exception of automotive gas and service stations, which are regulated under Paragraph 607.1(f)(4) of this Code, one freestanding sign or sign tower per lot shall be permitted in lieu of a projecting sign if the building or buildings are recessed from the street property line. The existence of a

freestanding business sign shall preclude the erection of a freestanding identifying sign on the same lot. The area of such freestanding sign or sign tower, as defined in Section 602.1(a), shall not exceed 30 square feet nor shall the height of the sign exceed 24 feet. No part of the sign shall project more than 75 percent of the horizontal distance from the street property line to the curbline, or six feet, whichever is less. Such signs may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated, or during business hours, may be directly illuminated.

- (4) Special Standards for Automotive Gas and Service Stations. For automotive gas and service stations in Neighborhood Commercial Districts, only the following signs are permitted, subject to the standards in this Paragraph (f)(4) and to all other standards in this Section 607.1.
- (A) A maximum of two oil company signs, which shall not extend more than 10 feet above the roofline if attached to a building, or exceed the maximum height permitted for freestanding signs in the same district if freestanding. The area of any such sign shall not exceed 180 square feet, and along each street frontage, all parts of such a sign or signs that are within 10 feet of the street property line shall not exceed 80 square feet in area. No such sign shall project more than five feet beyond any street property line. The areas of other permanent and temporary signs as covered in Subparagraph (B) below shall not be included in the calculation of the areas specified in this Subparagraph.
- (B) Other permanent and temporary business signs, not to exceed 30 square feet in area for each such sign or a total of 180 square feet for all such signs on the premises. No such sign shall extend above the roofline if attached to a building, or in any case project beyond any street property line or building setback line.
- (g) Temporary Signs. One temporary nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated sale or lease sign or nonilluminated sign of persons and firms connected with work on buildings under actual construction or alteration, giving their names and information pertinent to the project

per lot, shall be permitted. Such sign shall not exceed 50 square feet and shall conform to all regulations of Subsection 607.1(f) for business signs in the respective NC District in which the sign is to be located. All temporary signs shall be promptly removed upon completion of the activity to which they pertain.

- (h) Special Sign Districts. Additional controls apply to certain Neighborhood Commercial Districts that are designated as Special Sign Districts. Special Sign Districts are described within Sections 608.1 through 608.11 of this Code and with the exception of Sections 608.1, 608.2 and 608.11, their designations, locations and boundaries are provided on Sectional Map SSD of the Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco.
- (i) Restrictions on Illumination. Signs in Neighborhood Commercial Districts shall not have nor consist of any flashing, blinking, fluctuating or otherwise animated light except those moving or rotating or otherwise physically animated parts used for rotation of barber poles and the indication of time of day and temperature, and in the following special districts, all specifically designated as "Special Districts for Sign Illumination" on Sectional Map SSD of the Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco.
- (1) Broadway Neighborhood Commercial District. Along the main commercial frontage of Broadway between west of Columbus Avenue and Osgood Place.
- (2) NC-3. NC-3 District along Lombard Street from Van Ness Avenue to Broderick Street.
- (3) Notwithstanding the type of signs permissible under subparagraph (i), a video sign is prohibited in the districts described in subparagraphs (1) and (2).
- (j) Other Sign Requirements. Within Neighborhood Commercial Districts, the following additional requirements shall apply:
- (1) Public Areas. No sign shall be placed upon any public street, alley, sidewalk, public plaza or right-of-way, or in any portion of a transit system, except such projecting signs

as are otherwise permitted by this Code and signs, structures, and features as are specifically approved by the appropriate public authorities under applicable laws and regulations not inconsistent with this Code and under such conditions as may be imposed by such authorities.

- (2) Maintenance. Every sign pertaining to an active establishment shall be adequately maintained in its appearance. When the activity for which the business sign has been posted has ceased operation for more than 90 days within the Chinatown Mixed Use Districts, all signs pertaining to that business activity shall be removed after that time.
 - (3) Temporary Signs. The provisions of Section 607.1(g) of this Code shall apply.
- (4) Special Standards for Automotive Gas and Service Stations. The provisions of Section 607.1(f)(4) of this Code shall apply.

SEC. 702.1. NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL USE DISTRICTS.

(a) The following districts are established for the purpose of implementing the Commerce and Industry element and other elements of the General Plan, according to the objective and policies stated therein. Description and Purpose Statements outline the main functions of each Neighborhood Commercial (NC) District in the Zoning Plan for San Francisco, supplementing the statements of purpose contained in Section 101 of this Code.

The description and purpose statements and land use controls applicable to each of the general and individual area districts are set forth in Sections 710.1 through 784 of this Code for each district class. The boundaries of the various Neighborhood Commercial Districts are shown on the Zoning Map referred to in Sections 105 and 106 of this Code, subject to the provisions of that Section.

Neighborhood Commercial	Section Number
General Area Districts	GOGGOTT TAITIBOT

NC-1 Neighborhood Commercial Cluster District	§ 710
NC-2 Small-Scale Neighborhood Commercial District	§ 711
NC-3 Moderate-Scale Neighborhood Commercial District	§ 712
NC-S Neighborhood Commercial Shopping Center District	§ 713
NCT-1 Neighborhood Commercial Transit Cluster District	<u>§ 733</u>
NCT-2 Small Scale Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	<u>§ 734</u>
NCT-3Moderate-Scale Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	§ 731

Neighborhood Commercial Section	
Individual Area Districts Number	
Broadway Neighborhood Commercial District	§ 714
Castro Street Neighborhood Commercial District	§ 715
Inner Clement Street Neighborhood Commercial District	§ 716
Outer Clement Street Neighborhood Commercial District	§ 717
Upper Fillmore Street Neighborhood Commercial District	§ 718
Haight Street Neighborhood Commercial District	§ 719
Hayes-Gough Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	§ 720
Upper Market Street Neighborhood Commercial District	§ 721
North Beach Neighborhood Commercial District	§ 722
Polk Street Neighborhood Commercial District	§ 723
Sacramento Street Neighborhood Commercial District	§ 724

Union Street Neighborhood Commercial District	§ 725
Valencia Street Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	§ 726
24th Street-Mission Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	§ 727
24th Street-Noe Valley Neighborhood Commercial District	§ 728
West Portal Avenue Neighborhood Commercial District	§ 729
Inner Sunset Neighborhood Commercial District	§ 730
Upper Market Street Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	§ 732
SoMa Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	§ 735
Mission Street Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	§ 736
Ocean Avenue Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	<u>§ 737</u>

(b) The following districts are Neighborhood Commercial Transit (NCT) Districts, including both general area districts and individual area districts identified by street or area name. These districts are a subset of the Neighborhood Commercial (NC) Districts.

Neighborhood Commercial Transit Districts	Section Number
Hayes-Gough Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	§ 720
Valencia Street Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	§ 726
24 th Street – Mission Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	§ 727
NCT-3 Moderate-Scale Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	§ 731
Upper Market Street Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	§ 732

NCT-1 Neighborhood Commercial Transit Cluster District	<u>§ 733</u>
NCT-2 Small Scale Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	§ 734
SoMa Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	§ 735
Mission Street Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	§ 736
Ocean Avenue Neighborhood Commercial Transit District	<u>§ 737</u>

NCT districts are transit-oriented moderate- to high-density mixed-use neighborhoods of varying scale concentrated near transit services. The NCT districts are mixed use districts that support neighborhood-serving commercial uses on lower floors and housing above. These districts are well-served by public transit and aim to maximize residential and commercial opportunities on or near major transit services. The district's form can be either linear along transit-priority corridors, concentric around transit stations, or broader areas where transit services criss-cross the neighborhood. Housing density is limited not by lot area, but by the regulations on the built envelope of buildings, including height, bulk, setbacks, and lot coverage, and standards for residential uses, including open space and exposure, and urban design guidelines. Residential parking is not required and generally limited. Commercial establishments are discouraged or prohibited from building accessory off-street parking in order to preserve the pedestrian-oriented character of the district and prevent attracting auto traffic. There are prohibitions on access (i.e. driveways, garage entries) to off-street parking and loading on critical stretches of commercial and transit streets to preserve and enhance the pedestrian-oriented character and transit function.

SEC. 711.1. NC-2 -- SMALL-SCALE NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL DISTRICT. The NC-2 District is intended to serve as the City's Small-Scale Neighborhood Commercial

District. These districts are linear shopping streets which provide convenience goods and

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services to the surrounding neighborhoods as well as limited comparison shopping goods for a wider market. The range of comparison goods and services offered is varied and often includes specialty retail stores, restaurants, and neighborhood-serving offices. NC-2 Districts are commonly located along both collector and arterial streets which have transit routes. These districts range in size from two or three blocks to many blocks, although the commercial development in longer districts may be interspersed with housing or other land uses. Buildings typically range in height from two to four stories with occasional one-story commercial buildings.

The small-scale district controls provide for mixed-use buildings which approximate or slightly exceed the standard development pattern. Rear yard requirements above the ground story and at residential levels preserve open space corridors of interior blocks.

Most new commercial development is permitted at the ground and second stories.

Neighborhood-serving businesses are strongly encouraged. Eating and drinking and entertainment uses, however, are confined to the ground story. The second story may be used by some retail stores, personal services, and medical, business and professional offices. Parking and hotels are monitored at all stories. Limits on late-night activity, drive-up facilities, and other automobile uses protect the livability within and around the district, and promote continuous retail frontage.

Housing development in new buildings is encouraged above the ground story. Existing residential units are protected by limitations on demolition and upper-story conversions.

SEC. 711, SMALL-SCALE NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL

DISTRICT NC-2 ZONING CONTROL TABLE

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TABLE INSET:

			NC-2				
No.	Zoning Category	§ References	Controls				
BUILD	BUILDING STANDARDS						
711.10	Height and Bulk Limit	§§ 102.12, 105, 106, 250252, 260, 270, 271	Generally, 40-X See Zoning Map				
711.11	Lot Size [Per Development]	§§ 790.56, 121.1	P up to 9,999 sq. ft.; C 10,000 sq. ft. & above § 121.1				
711.12	Rear Yard	§§ 130, 134, 136	Required at the second story and above and at all residential levels § 134(a) (e)				
711.13	Street Frontage		Required § 145.1				
711.14	Awning	§ 790.20	P § 136.1(a)				
711.15	Canopy	§ 790.26	P § 136.1(b)				
711.16	Marquee	§ 790.58	P § 136.1(c)				
711.17	Street Trees		Required § 143				

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2	COMMERCIAL AND INSTITUT		
3 4	711.20	Floor Area Ratio	
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6 7	711.21	Use Size [Non-Reside	
8	ann-bassachung and an		
9			
10			
11	711.22	Off-Street Parking,	
12		Commercial/Institution	
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14			
15	711.23		
16	711.20	Off-Street Freight Loa	
17	,		
18			
19	711.24		
20		Outdoor Activity Area	
21			
22	711.25	Drive-Un Facility	
23		Drive-Up Facility	
24	711.26	Walk-Up Facility	
25		1	

СОММЕ	RCIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL	STANDARDS AND	USES
711.20	Floor Area Ratio	§§ 102.9, 102.11,	2.5 to 1 § 124(a) (b)
711.21	Use Size [Non-Residential]	§ 790.130	P up to 3,999 sq. ft.; C 4,000 sq. ft. & above § 121.2
711.22	Off-Street Parking, Commercial/Institutional	§§ 150, 153157, 159160, 204.5	Generally, none required if occupied floor area is less than 5,000 sq. ft. §§ 151, 161(g)
711.23	Off-Street Freight Loading	§§ 150, 153155, 204.5	Generally, none required if gross floor area is less than 10,000 sq. ft. §§ 152, 161(b)
711.24	Outdoor Activity Area	§ 790.70	P if located in front; C if located elsewhere § 145.2(a)
711.25	Drive-Up Facility	§ 790.30	
711.26	Walk-Up Facility	§ 790.140	P if recessed 3 ft.; C if

			not recessed §
			145.2(b)
711.27	Hours of Operation	§ 790.48	P 6 a.m2 a.m.; C 2 a.m6 a.m.
711.30	General Advertising Sign	§§ 262, 602604, 608, 609	P § 607.1(e)1
711.31	Business Sign	§§ 262, 602604, 608, 609	P § 607.1(f) 2
711.32	Other Signs	§§ 262, 602604, 608, 609	P § 607.1(c) (d) (g)

TABLE INSET:

N1=	Zoning Category	§ References	NC-2 Controls by Story		
No.					
		§ 790.118	1st	2nd	3rd+
711.38	Residential Conversion	§ 790.84	Р	С	
711.39	Residential Demolition	§ 790.86	Р	С	С
Retail Sales and Services					
711.40	Other Retail Sales and	§ 790.102	Р	P	

1 2		Services [Not Listed Below]				·
3 4	711.41	Bar	§ 790.22	Р		
5 6 7	711.42	Full-Service Restaurant	§ 790.92	Р#		
8 9	711.43 Large Fast Food § 790.90		§ 790.90	C#		
10 11	711.44	Small Self-Service Restaurant	§ 790.91	Р#		
12 13 14	711.45	Liquor Store	§ 790.55	P		
15 16	711.46	Movie Theater	§ 790.64	Р		
17 18	711.47	Adult Entertainment	§ 790.36			
19 20 21	711.48	Other Entertainment	§ 790.38	Р		
22 23	711.49	Financial Service	§ 790.110	Р#	C#	The second secon
24 25	711.50	Limited Financial Service	§ 790.112	Р#		

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711.51	Medical Service	§ 790.114	Р	Р	
711.52	Personal Service	§ 790.116	Р	Р	
711.53	Business or Professional Service	§ 790.108	Р	P	
711.54	Massage Establishment	§ 790.60, § 1900 Health Code	С		
711.55	Tourist Hotel	§ 790.46	С	С	С
711.56	Automobile Parking	§§ 790.8, 156,	С	С	С
711.57	Automotive Gas Station	§ 790.14	С		
711.58	Automotive Service Station	§ 790.17	С		
711.59	Automotive Repair	§ 790.15	С		
711.60	Automotive Wash	§ 790.18			7
711.61	Automobile Sale or	§ 790.12			Transmission of the Control of the C

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	Rental				
711.62	Animal Hospital	§ 790.6	С	and the second s	**
711.63	Ambulance Service	§ 790.2			
711.64	Mortuary	§ 790.62			
711.65	Trade Shop	§ 790.124	P#	C#	
711.66	Storage	§ 790.117	1700		
711.67	Video Store	§ 790.135	С	С	
Institutio	ns and Non-Retail Sales a	and Services			
711.70	Administrative Service	§ 790.106			
711.80	Hospital or Medical Center	§ 790.44			
711.81	Other Institutions,	§ 790.50	Р	С	С
711.82	Other Institutions,	§ 790.51	Р	P	Р

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	Small				
711.83	Public Use	§ 790.80	c c c		С
711.84	Medical Cannabis Dispensary	§ 790.141	P#		
RESIDE	NTIAL STANDARDS AND	USES			
711.90	Residential Use	§ 790.88	P	Р	Р
711.91	Residential Density, Dwelling Units	§§ 207, 207.1, 790.88(a)	Generally, 1 unit per 800 sq. ft. lot area § 207.4		
711.92	Residential Density, Group Housing	§§ 207.1, 790.88(b)	Generally, 1 bedroom per 275 sq. ft. lot area § 208		
711.93	Usable Open Space [Per Residential Unit]	§§ 135, 136	Generally, either 100 sq. ft. if private, or 133 sq. ft. if common § 135(d)		•
711.94	Off-Street Parking, Residential	§§ 150, 153 157, 159160, 204.5	Generally, 1 space for each dwelling unit §§ 151, 161(a)		
711.95	Community Residential Parking	§ 790.10	С	С	С

SPECIFIC PROVISIONS FOR NC-2 DISTRICTS

TABLE INSET:

}	T	<u> </u>
Article 7 Code Section	Other Code Section	Zoning Controls
§ 711.42 § 711.43 § 711.44	§ 781.1	TARAVAL STREET RESTAURANT AND FAST-FOOD SUBDISTRICT Boundaries: Applicable only for the Taraval Street NC-2 District between 12th and 36th Avenues as mapped on Sectional Maps 5 SU and 6 SU Controls: Full-service restaurants and small self-service restaurants are C; large fast-food restaurants are NP
§ 711.42 § 711.43 § 711.44	§ 781.2	IRVING STREET RESTAURANT AND FAST-FOOD SUBDISTRICT Boundaries: Applicable only for the portion of the Irving Street NC-2 District between 19th and 27th Avenues as mapped on Sectional Map 5 SU Controls: Small self-service restaurants are C; full-service restaurants and large fast-food restaurants are NP
§ 711.43 § 711.44	§ 781.3	OCEAN AVENUE FAST FOOD SUBDISTRICT Boundaries: Applicable only for the Ocean Avenue NC-2 District from Manor Drive to Phelan Avenue as mapped on Sectional Map 12 SU Controls: Small self service restaurants and large fast food restaurants are NP
§ 711.49 §	§ 781.7	CHESTNUT STREET FINANCIAL SERVICE

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711.50		SUBDISTRICT Boundaries: Applicable only for the Chestnut Street NC-2 District from Broderick to Fillmore Streets as mapped on Sectional Map 2 SU Controls: Financial services and limited financial services are NP
§ 711.65	§ 236	GARMENT SHOP SPECIAL USE DISTRICT Boundaries: Applicable only for the portion of the Pacific Avenue NC-2 District east of Hyde Street as mapped on Sectional Map 1 SU a Controls: Garment shops are P at the 1st and 2nd stories
§ 711.84 § 790.141	Health Code § 3308	Medical cannabis dispensaries in NC-2 District may only operate between the hours of 8 a.m. and 10 p.m.

SEC. 733.1. NCT-1 -- NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL TRANSIT CLUSTER DISTRICT.

NC-1 Districts are intended to serve as local neighborhood shopping districts, providing convenience retail goods and services for the immediately surrounding neighborhoods primarily during daytime hours. NCT-1 districts are located near major transit services. They are small mixed-use clusters, generally surrounded by residential districts, with small-scale neighborhood-serving commercial uses on lower floors and housing above. Housing density is limited not by lot area, but by the regulations on the built envelope of buildings, including height, bulk, setbacks, and lot coverage, and standards for residential uses, including open space and exposure, and urban design guidelines. There are prohibitions on access (i.e. driveways, garage entries) to off-street parking and loading on

1	critical stretches of commercial and transit street frontages to preserve and enhance the pedestrian-					
2	oriented character and transit function. Residential parking is not required and generally limited.					
3	Commercial establishments are discouraged from building excessive accessory off-street parking in					
4	order to preserve the pedestrian-oriented character of the district and prevent attracting auto traffic.					
5	NCT-1 Districts are generally characterized by their location in residential neighborhoods. The					
6	commercial intensity of these districts varies. Many of these districts have the lowest intensity of					
7	commercial development in the City, generally consisting of small clusters with three or more					
8	commercial establishments, commonly grouped around a corner; and in some cases short linear					
9	commercial strips with low-scale, interspersed mixed-use (residential-commercial) development.					
10	Building controls for the NCT-1 District promote low-intensity development which is compatible with					
11	the existing scale and character of these neighborhood areas. Commercial development is limited to					
12	one story. Rear yard requirements at all levels preserve existing backyard space.					
13	NCT-1 commercial use provisions encourage the full range of neighborhood-serving					
14	convenience retail sales and services at the first story provided that the use size generally is limited to					
15	3,000 square feet. However, commercial uses and features which could impact residential livability are					
16	prohibited, such as auto uses, financial services, general advertising signs, drive-up facilities, hotels,					
17	and late-night activity; eating and drinking establishments are restricted, depending upon the intensity					
18	of such uses in nearby commercial districts.					
19	Existing residential units are protected by prohibitions of conversions above the ground story					
20	and limitations on demolitions.					
21	SEC. 733 NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL TRANSIT CLUSTER DISTRICT NCT-1					
22	ZONING CONTROL TABLE					
23	TABLE INSET:					
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<u>No.</u>	Zoning Category	§ References	Controls
BUILD	ING STANDARDS		
<u>733.10</u>	Height and Bulk Limit	\$\\$ 102.12, 105, 106, 250252, 260, 270, 271	Varies See Zoning Map.
<u>733.11</u>	Lot Size [Per Development]	§§ 790.56,	P up to 4,999 sq. ft.; C 5,000 sq. ft. & above § 121.1
733.12	Rear Yard	§§ 130, 134, 136	Required at grade level and above § 134(a) (e)
733.13	Street Frontage	_	<u>Required § 145.1</u>
733.13a	Street Frontage, Above- Grade Parking Setback and Active Uses		Minimum 25 feet on ground floor, 15 feet on floors above § 145.1
733.13b	Street Frontage, Required Ground Floor Commercial		Geneva Avenue, § 145.4
733.13c	Street Frontage, Parking and Loading access restrictions		§ 155(r) NP: Geneva Avenue
733.14	Awning	<u>§ 790.20</u>	P § 136.1(a)

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2 3	733.15	Canopy	§ 790.26	-
4 5	733.16	<u>Marquee</u>	§ 790.58	_
6 7 8	733.17	Street Trees		Required § 143
9	<u>СОММЕ</u>	RCIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL	STANDARDS A	ND USES
10 11	733.20	Floor Area Ratio	§§ 102.9, 102.11, 123	1.8 to 1 § 124(a) (b)
12 13	<u>733.21</u>	Use Size [Non- Residential]	<u>§ 790.130</u>	P up to 2,999 sq. ft.; C 3,000 sq. ft. & above § 121.2
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	733.22	Off-Street Parking, Commercial/Institutional	§§ 150, 153 157, 159 160, 204.5	§§ 151.1, 166, 145.1 None required. Amount permitted varies by use; see Table 151.1. For retail uses, P up to 1 space per 1,500 feet of occupied floor area or the quantity specified in Table 151, whichever is less, and subject to the conditions of Section 151.1(f); NP above. For retail

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1				grocery stores larger than 20,000
2				square feet, P up to 1:500, C up to
3	Accessed to the second			1:250 for space in excess of
4				20,000 s.f. subject to conditions of
5				151.1(f); NP above.
6				
7			00 4 50 4 50	Generally, none required if gross
8	733.23	Off-Street Freight Loading	§§ 150, 153	floor area is less than 10,000 sq.
9	•••		<u>155, 204.5</u>	ft. §§ 152, 161(b)
10	<u>733.24</u>			P if located in front; C if located
11	~-	Outdoor Activity Area	<u>§ 790.70</u>	elsewhere § 145.2(a)
12	733.25			
13	_	Drive-Up Facility	<u>§ 790.30</u>	annotes.
14	733.26			P if recessed 3 ft.; C if not
15		Walk-Up Facility	<u>§ 790.140</u>	recessed § 145.2(b)
16	733.27			P 6 a.m11 p.m.; C 11 p.m2
17	155.21	Hours of Operation	§ 790.48	
18			00.000	<u>a.m.</u>
19	<u>733.30</u>		§§ 262, 602	
20	-	General Advertising Sign	604, 608,	
21			609	
22	<u>733.31</u>		§§ 262, 602	
23		Business Sign	<u>604, 608,</u>	P \$ 607.1(f)1
24			<u>609</u>	
25				

1 2	<u>733.44</u>	Small Self-Service Restaurant			§ 790.91	<u>C#</u>		
3 4	<u>733.45</u>	Liquor Store	Liquor Store					
5 6	<u>733.46</u>	Movie Theater			<u>§ 790.64</u>			
7 8 9	733.47	Adult Entertainm	ent.		§ 790.36		_	
10 11	<u>733.48</u> -	Other Entertainment			§ 790.38	<u>C</u>		
12 13	<u>733.49</u> -	Financial Service			§ 790.110	derdenkal		
14 15	<u>733.50</u>	Limited Financial Service			§ 790.112	<u>P</u>		
16 17	<u>733.51</u>	Medical Service			§ 790.114	<u>P</u>	_	
18 19	<u>733.52</u>	Personal Service			§ 790.116	<u>P</u>	***************************************	•••••
20 21	TABLE I	NSET:						
22 23	_ <i>No</i> .	Zoning	§ References	NCT-1				

§ 790.118 <u>Ist</u> <u>2nd</u> *3rd*+

Controls by Story

Planning Department BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Category

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1 2 3	<u>733.53</u> -	Business or Professional Service	§ 790.108	<u>P</u>		
4 5 6	<u>733.54</u>	Massage Establishment	§ 790.60, § 1900 Health Code			
7 8	733.55	Tourist Hotel	<u>§ 790.46</u>			
9 10 11	<u>733.56</u>	Automobile Parking	§§ 790.8, 156, 160	<u>C</u>	Namenon	
12 13	733.57	Automotive Gas Station	<u>§ 790.14</u>	water		***************************************
14 15	733.58	Automotive Service Station	<u>§ 790.17</u>			<u></u>
16 17	<u>733.59</u> -	Automotive Repair	<u>§ 790.15</u>			
18 19	733.60	<u>Automotive</u> <u>Wash</u>	<u>§ 790.18</u>			yannan
20 21	<u>733.61</u>	Automobile Sale or Rental	<u>§ 790.12</u>			
22 23 24	733.62	Animal Hospital	<u>§ 790.6</u>		_	
25	<u>733.63</u>	<u>Ambulance</u>	<u>§ 790.2</u>	_		

	Service				
<u>733.64</u> -	<u>Mortuary</u>	§ 790.62			
733.65	Trade Shop	§ 790.124	<u>P</u>	washing	
<u>733.66</u>	<u>Storage</u>	<u>§ 790.117</u>		_	
733.67	<u>Video Store</u>	§ 790.135	<u>C</u>	_	
Institut	ions and Non-Retai	l Sales and Serv	ices		
<u>733.70</u>	Administrative Service	§ 790.106			
<u>733.80</u> -	Hospital or Medical Center	§ 790.44		· 	
<u>733.81</u> -	Other Institutions, Large	§ 790.50	<u>P</u>	<u>C</u>	nausoo.
<u>733.82</u> -	Other Institutions, Small	§ 790.51	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>733.83</u>	Public Use	§ 790.80	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>

1 Medical 733.84 2 Cannabis *§ 790.141* P#3 Dispensary_ 4 RESIDENTIAL STANDARDS AND USES 5 733.90 Residential Use P, except C for frontages § 790.88 6 listed in 145.4 7 No residential density limit by lot area. 8 Density restricted by physical envelope controls 9 of height, bulk, setbacks, open space, exposure 10 Residential §\$ 207, and other applicable controls of this and other 11 733.91 Density, 207.1, Codes, as well as by applicable design 12 Dwelling Units 790.88(a) guidelines, applicable elements and area plans 13 of the General Plan, and design review by the 14 Planning Department. 15 § 207.4, 207.6 16 No group housing density limit by lot area. 17 Density restricted by physical envelope controls 18 of height, bulk, setbacks, open space, exposure 19 Residential and other applicable controls of this and other 20 733.92 §§ 207.1, Density, Group Codes, as well as by applicable design 21 790.88(b) Housing guidelines, applicable elements and area plans 22 of the General Plan, and design review by the 23 Planning Department. 24 § 208 25

Planning Department **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS** <u>P___</u>

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<u>733.93</u>	Usable Open Space [Per Residential Unit]	§§ 135, 136	Generally, either 100 sq. ft. sq. ft. if common § 135(d)	<i>if private</i> -	, or 133
733.94	Off-Street Parking, Residential	§§ 150, 153 157, 159 160, 204.5	P up to one car for each two up to 0.75 cars for each dwe to the criteria and procedur 151.1(f); NP above 0.75 car unit. § 151.1, 166, 167, 145.1	elling unit	<u>, subject</u> i <u>on</u>
<u>733.95</u> -	Community Residential Parking	§ 790.10	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>

SPECIFIC PROVISIONS FOR NC-1 DISTRICTS

TABLE INSET:

Article 7 Code Section	Other Code Section	Zoning Controls
\$ 733.40 \$ 733.41 \$ 733.42		Boundaries: All NCT-1 Districts Controls: P if located more than 1/4 mile from any NC District or Restricted Use Subdistrict with more restrictive controls; otherwise, same as more restrictive control

§ 733.44	Boundaries: All NCT-1 Districts Controls: C if located more than 1/4 mile from any NC District or Restricted Use
	Subdistrict with more restrictive controls; otherwise, same as more restrictive control

SEC. 734.1. NCT-2 -- SMALL-SCALE NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL TRANSIT DISTRICT.

NCT-2 Districts are transit-oriented mixed-use neighborhoods with small scale commercial uses near transit services. The NCT-2 Districts are mixed use districts that support neighborhood-serving commercial uses on lower floors and housing above. These Districts are well-served by public transit and aim to maximize residential and commercial opportunities on or near major transit services. The District's form is generally linear along transit-priority corridors, though may be concentric around transit stations or in broader areas where multiple transit services criss-cross the neighborhood. Housing density is limited not by lot area, but by the regulations on the built envelope of buildings, including height, bulk, setbacks, and lot coverage, and standards for residential uses, including open space and exposure, and urban design guidelines. There are prohibitions on access (e.g., driveways, garage entries) to offstreet parking and loading on critical stretches of commercial and transit street frontages to preserve and enhance the pedestrian-oriented character and transit function. Residential parking is not required and generally limited. Commercial establishments are discouraged from building excessive accessory off-street parking in order to preserve the pedestrian-oriented character of the district and prevent attracting auto traffic.

NCT-2 Districts are intended to provide convenience goods and services to the surrounding neighborhoods as well as limited comparison shopping goods for a wider market. The range of comparison goods and services offered is varied and often includes specialty

retail stores, restaurants, and neighborhood-serving offices. The small-scale district controls provide for mixed-use buildings, which approximate or slightly exceed the standard development pattern. Rear yard requirements above the ground story and at residential levels preserve open space corridors of interior blocks.

Most new commercial development is permitted at the ground and second stories.

Neighborhood-serving businesses are strongly encouraged. Eating and drinking and entertainment uses, however, are confined to the ground story. The second story may be used by some retail stores, personal services, and medical, business and professional offices. Parking and hotels are monitored at all stories. Limits on late-night activity, drive-up facilities, and other automobile uses protect the livability within and around the district, and promote continuous retail frontage.

Housing development in new buildings is encouraged above the ground story. Existing residential units are protected by limitations on demolition and upper-story conversions.

SEC. 734. SMALL-SCALE NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL DISTRICT NCT-2 ZONING CONTROL TABLE

			NCT-2
No.	Zoning Category	§ References	Controls
BUILDING STANDARDS			
734.10		§§ 102.12, 105,	See Zoning Map.
	I talest and Dulk I lesit	106, 250252,	Additional 5' Height
	Height and Bulk Limit	260, 263.18,	Allowed for Ground
		270, 271	Floor Active Uses in 40-

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3	734.11	Lot Size [Per Development]
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6	734.12	
7		Rear Yard
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9	734.13	
10	734.13	Street Frontage
11		
12	734.13a	Street Frontage, Above-
13		Grade Parking Setback and
14		Active Uses
15		
16	734.13b	Street Frontage, Required
17		Ground Floor Commercial
18		
19	734.13c	Street Frontage, Parking
20		and Loading access
21	***************************************	restrictions
22	734.14	·
23	104.14	Awning
24		
25	734.15	Canopy

n-d-Avendall			X and 50-X
734.11	Lot Size [Per Development]	§§ 790.56, 121.1	P up to 9,999 sq. ft.; C 10,000 sq. ft. & above § 121.1
734.12	Rear Yard	§§ 130, 134, 136	Required at the second story and above and at all residential levels § 134(a) (e)
734.13	Street Frontage	§§ 145.1, 145.4	Required §§ 145.1, 145.4
734.13a	Street Frontage, Above- Grade Parking Setback and Active Uses	§ 145.1	Minimum 25 feet on ground floor, 15 feet on floors above § 145.1
734.13b	Street Frontage, Required Ground Floor Commercial	§ 145.4	Requirements apply Geneva Avenue
734.13c	Street Frontage, Parking and Loading access restrictions	§ 155(r)	Requirements apply NP: Geneva Avenue
734.14	Awning	§ 790.20	P § 136.1(a)
734.15	Canopy	§ 790.26	P § 136.1(b)

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734.16	Marquee	§ 790.58	P § 136.1(c)
734.17	Street Trees		Required § 143
СОММЕ	RCIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL S	STANDARDS AND	USES
734.20	Floor Area Ratio	§§ 102.9, 102.11, 123	2.5 to 1 § 124(a) and (b)
734.21	Use Size [Non-Residential]	§ 790.130	P up to 3,999 sq. ft.; C 4,000 sq. ft. & above § 121.2
734.22	Off-Street Parking, Commercial/Institutional	§§ 150, 151.1, 153-157, 159- 160, 204.5	None required. Limits set forth in Section 151.1.
734.23	Off-Street Freight Loading	§§ 150, 153 155, 204.5	Generally, none required if gross floor area is less than 10,000 sq. ft. §§ 152, 161(b)
734.24	Outdoor Activity Area	§ 790.70	P if located in front; C if located elsewhere § 145.2(a)
734.25	Drive-Up Facility	§ 790.30	
		<u> </u>	

l	T	Υ	T
734.26	Walk-Up Facility	§ 790.140	P if recessed 3 ft.; C if not recessed § 145.2(b)
734.27	Hours of Operation	§ 790.48	P 6 a.m2 a.m.; C 2 a.m6 a.m.
734.30	General Advertising Sign	§§ 262, 602 604, 608, 609	NP § 607.1(e)(1)
734.31	Business Sign	§§ 262, 602 604, 608, 609	P § 607.1(f)(2)
734.32	Other Signs	§§ 262, 602 604, 608, 609	P § 607.1(c),(d),(g)

No.	Zoning Category	§ References	NCT-2 Controls by Story		
	<u>I</u>	§ 790.118	1st	2nd	3rd+
734.37	Residential Conversion	§§ 790.84,	С	С	
734.38	Residential Demolition	§§ 790.86, 207.7	С	С	С
731.39	Residential Division	§ 207.8	Р	Р	P
Retail S	Sales and Services	,	I	Announce and the second	Average Park
734.40	Other Retail	§ 790.102	Р	Р	

and the state of t						
1 2 3		Sales and Services [Not Listed Below]				
4 5	734.41	Bar	§ 790.22	P		
6 7	734.42	Full-Service Restaurant	§ 790.92	Р		
8 9 10	734.43	Large Fast Food Restaurant	§ 790.90	С		
11 12 13	734.44	Small Self- Service Restaurant	§ 790.91	Р	TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	
14 15	734.45	Liquor Store	§ 790.55	P	`	
16 17	734.46	Movie Theater	§ 790.64	P		
18 19	734.47	Adult Entertainment	§ 790.36			
20 21	734.48	Other Entertainment	§ 790.38	Р		
222324	734.49	Financial Service	§ 790.110	P	С	
25	734.50	Limited Financial	§ 790.112	Р	:	

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	Service			••••••	
734.51	Medical Service	§ 790.114	P	Р	
734.52	Personal Service	§ 790.116	Р	Р	
734.53	Business or Professional Service	§ 790.108	P	Р	
734.54	Massage Establishment	§ 790.60, § 1900 Health Code	С		
734.55	Tourist Hotel	§ 790.46	С	С	С
734.56	Automobile Parking	§§ 790.8, 156, 160	С	С	С
734.57	Automotive Gas Station	§ 790.14	C		
734.58	Automotive Service Station	§ 790.17	С		
734.59	Automotive Repair	§ 790.15	С		
734.60	Automotive Wash	§ 790.18			

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22	734.81	
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25	734.82	

Automobile Sale or Rental	§ 790.12			
Animal Hospital	§ 790.6	С		
Ambulance Service	§ 790.2			
Mortuary	§ 790.62			
Trade Shop	§ 790.124	Р	С	
Storage	§ 790.117			
Video Store	§ 790.135	C	С	
ns and Non-Retail S	Sales and Servic	ces		
Administrative Service	§ 790.106		,	
Hospital or Medical Center	§ 790.44			
Other Institutions, Large	§ 790.50	Р	С	С
Other	§ 790.51	P	Р	Р
	or Rental Animal Hospital Ambulance Service Mortuary Trade Shop Storage Video Store as and Non-Retail Storace Administrative Service Hospital or Medical Center Other Institutions, Large	or Rental Animal Hospital § 790.6 Ambulance Service Mortuary § 790.62 Trade Shop § 790.124 Storage § 790.117 Video Store § 790.135 as and Non-Retail Sales and Service Administrative Service Hospital or Medical Center Other Institutions, Large	or Rental § 790.12 Animal Hospital § 790.6 C Ambulance Service § 790.2 C Mortuary § 790.62 P Trade Shop § 790.124 P Storage § 790.117 C Video Store § 790.135 C as and Non-Retail Sales and Services Administrative § 790.106 Service Hospital or Medical Center § 790.44 Other Institutions, § 790.50 P Large P	or Rental § 790.12 Animal Hospital § 790.6 C Ambulance § 790.2 Service Mortuary § 790.62 C Trade Shop § 790.124 P C Storage § 790.117 C C Video Store § 790.135 C C as and Non-Retail Sales and Services Administrative § 790.106 Service Hospital or § 790.44 Medical Center Other Institutions, § 790.50 P C Large C C C

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	Institutions, Small				
734.83	Public Use	§ 790.80	С	С	С
734.84	Medical Cannabis Dispensary	§ 790.141	P#		
RESIDE	NTIAL STANDARD	S AND USES			
734.90	Residential Use	§ 790.88	P, except C for frontages listed in 145.4	Р	P
734.91	Residential Density, Dwelling Units	§§ 207, 207.1, 790.88(a)	No residential density I Density restricted by ple controls of height, bulk space, exposure and of controls of this and other well as by applicable depolicable elements are the General Plan, and the Planning Departments \$\\$ 207.4, 207.6	nysical e , setback ther app er Codes esign gu ad area p design re	nvelope ks, open licable s, as idelines, lans of
734.92	Residential Density, Group Housing	§§ 207.1, 790.88(b)	No group housing dens area. Density restricted envelope controls of he	d by phy	sical

1 setbacks, open space, exposure and 2 other applicable controls of this and 3 other Codes, as well as by applicable 4 design guidelines, applicable elements 5 and area plans of the General Plan, 6 and design review by the Planning 7 Department. 8 § 208 9 Usable Open 10 734.93 Space [Per §§ 135, 136 Generally, either 100 sq. ft. if private, 11 Residential Unit] or 133 sq. ft. if common § 135(d) 12 13 None required. P up to 0.5 parking Off-Street §§ 150, 153--14 734.94 spaces per unit; C up to 0.75 parking 157, 159--Parking, 15 spaces per unit.. Residential 160, 204.5 16 §§ 151.1, 166, 167, 145.1 17 Community 18 734.95 Residential § 790.10 C С C 19 Parking 20

SPECIFIC PROVISIONS FOR NCT-2 DISTRICTS

TABLE INSET:

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Article 7 Code Section	Other Code Section	Zoning Controls
§§ 734.84, 790.141	Health Code § 3308	Medical cannabis dispensaries in NCT-2 District may only operate between the hours of 8 a.m. and 10 p.m.

SEC. 737.1. OCEAN AVENUE NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL TRANSIT DISTRICT.

The Ocean Avenue Neighborhood Commercial Transit District is located on Ocean Avenue from Phelan to Manor Avenues. Ocean Avenue is a multi-purpose transit-oriented small-scale commercial district that is modeled on the NCT-2 District. Ocean Avenue was developed as a streetcar-oriented commercial district in the 1920s and continues to serve this function, with the K-line streetcar on Ocean Avenue. Numerous other bus lines serve the area, especially the eastern end, where the Phelan Loop serves as a major bus terminus. The eastern end of the district is anchored by the main City College campus at Phelan and direct linkages to the Balboa Park BART/MUNI rail station a couple blocks to the east, which serves as the southernmost San Francisco station for BART and the terminus of the J, K, and M streetcar lines. Because of the immediate proximity of the BART/MUNI station the district has quick and easy transit access to downtown.

The Ocean Avenue NCT District is mixed use, transitioning from a predominantly one- and twostory retail district to include neighborhood-serving commercial uses on lower floors and housing above. Housing density is limited not by lot area, but by the regulations on the built envelope of buildings, including height, bulk, setbacks, and lot coverage, and standards for residential uses, including open space and exposure, and urban design guidelines. Access (i.e. driveways, garage entries) to off-street parking and loading is generally prohibited on Ocean Avenue to preserve and

1	enhance the pedestrian-oriented character and transit function of the street. Residential and					
2	commercial parking are not required.					
3	The Ocean Avenue NCT District is intended to provide convenience goods and services to the					
4	surrounding neighborhoods as well as limited comparison shopping goods for a wider market. The					
5	range of	comparison goods and services	s offered is varied	d and often includes specialty retail st	ores,	
6	<u>restaura</u>	nts, and neighborhood-serving	offices. Building	s may range in height, with height limi	<u>ts</u>	
7	generall	y allowing up to four or five sto	ries. Lots are gei	nerally small to medium in size and lo	<i>*</i>	
8	consolid	ation is prohibited to preserve t	he fine grain cha	uracter of the district, unless the conso	<u>lidation</u>	
9	<u>creates a</u>	a corner parcel that enables off-	street parking to	be accessed from a side street.		
10	<i>R</i>	Rear yard requirements above th	ne ground story a	and at residential levels preserve open	space	
11	<u>corridor</u>	s of interior blocks.				
12		Commercial uses are required a	t the ground leve	l and permitted at the second story. La	urge Fast	
13	Food use	es are not permitted.				
14	<u> </u>	Housing development in new but	ildings is encour	aged above the ground story. Existing		
15	<u>residenti</u>	al units are protected by limita	tions on demoliti	on and upper-story conversions.		
16	The second state of the second					
17	<u>SEC. 73</u>	7. OCEAN AVENUE NEIGHBO	ORHOOD COMM	MERCIAL TRANSIT DISTRICT ZONII	<u>VG</u>	
18	CONTRO	OL TABLE				
19						
20	-			Ocean Ave		
21	1	, in the second	§ References			
22	<u>No.</u>	Zoning Category		<u>Controls</u>		
23	BUILD	ING STANDARDS	<u> </u>			
24	737.10	Height and Bulk Limit	§§ 102.12,	Generally, 45-X See Zoning Map		
25				<u></u>		

1			<u>105, 106,</u>	-
2	Table to the state of the state	4,	<u>250252,</u>	
3	W		<u>260, 270,</u>	
.4			<u>271</u>	
5	<u>737.11</u>	Lot Size [Per	§§ 790.56,	P up to 9,999 sq. ft.; C 10,000 sq.
6		Development]	<u>121.1</u>	ft. & above § 121.1
7	<i></i>		0.121.6	Not Permitted except to create
8	<u>737.11b</u>	Lot Consolidation	§ 121.6	corner lots per Sec 121.6
9	727 13		CC 120 124	Required at the second story and
11	737.12	Rear Yard	§§ 130, 134, 136	above and at all residential levels
12	-			§ 134(a) (e)
13	<u>737.13</u>	Street Frontage		Required § 145.1
14	-	Street Trontage		Reguireu y 143.1
15	<u>737.13a</u>	Street Frontage, Above-		Minimum 25 feet on ground floor,
16		Grade Parking Setback and		15 feet on floors above
17		Active Uses		§ 145.1(c)
18	<u>737.13b</u>	Street Frontage, Required	:	Ocean Avenue
19		Ground Floor Commercial		§ 145.4
20	<u>737.13c</u>	Street Frontage, Parking		§ 155(r)
21		and Loading access		NP: Ocean Avenue
22		<u>restrictions</u>		
23	<u>737.14</u>			
24		Awning	§ 790.20	P § 136.1(a)
25	<u> </u>		L	

1 2	<u>737.15</u>	<u>Canopy</u>	§ 790.26	P § 136.1(b)
3 4	<u>737.16</u>	<u>Marquee</u>	§ 790.58	P § 136.1(c)
5 6	<u>737.17</u>	Street Trees	_	Required § 143
7 8	<u>СОММЕ</u>	RCIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL	STANDARDS A	ND USES
9	<u>737.20</u>	Floor Area Ratio	<u>§§ 102.9,</u> 102.11, 123	2.5 to 1 § 124(a) (b)
11 12	<u>737.21</u>	Use Size [Non-Residential]	§ 790.130	P up to 3,999 sq. ft.; C 4,000 sq. ft. & above § 121.2
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	<u>737.22</u>	Off-Street Parking, Commercial/Institutional	§§ 150, 153- 157, 159-160, 204.5	None required. Amount permitted varies by use; see Table 151.1. For retail uses, P up to 1 space per 1,500 feet of occupied floor area or the quantity specified in Table 151, whichever is less, and subject to the conditions of Section 151.1(f); NP above. For retail grocery stores larger than 20,000 square feet, P up to 1:500, C up to

1				1:250 for space in excess of
2				20,000 s.f. subject to conditions of
3				151.1(f); NP above.
4				
5				Generally, none required if gross
6	737.23	Off-Street Freight Loading	§§ 150, 153	floor area is less than 10,000 sq.
7	-		<u>155, 204.5</u>	ft. §§ 152, 161(b)
8	737.24			P if located in front; C if located
9		Outdoor Activity Area	<u>§ 790.70</u>	elsewhere § 145.2(a)
10	737.25			
11	The state of the s	Drive-Up Facility	§ 790.30	
12	727.26			D.C. 12% C.C.
13	<u>737.26</u>	Walk-Up Facility	§ 790.140	P if recessed 3 ft.; C if not
14	_			<u>recessed § 145.2(b)</u>
15	<u>737.27</u>	Hours of Operation	§ 790.48	P6a.m2a.m.; C2a.m6a.m.
16	-	Trowns of Operation	3	_
17			§§ 262, 602	
18	<u>737.30</u>	General Advertising Sign	<u>604, 608,</u>	P § 607.1(e)1
19	_		609	
20			§§ 262, 602	
21	<u>737.31</u>	Business Sign_	604, 608,	P § 607.1(f) 2
22	-	The state of the s	609	
23				
24	737.32	Other Signs	§§ 262, 602	P § 607.1(c) (d) (g)
25			604, 608,	
~~ I	1			

1 609 2 TABLE INSET: 3 4 § References Ocean Ave Zoning Category No. 5 Controls by Story 6 § 790.118 1st 2nd3rd+7. 711.38 Residential 8 § 790.84 <u>C_</u> C_{-} Conversion 9 737.39 10 Residential \$ 790.86 <u>C</u>_ \underline{C} <u>C__</u> Demolition 11 12 <u>P</u> \$ 207.6 <u>P</u> <u>P</u> 737.39a Residential 13 **Division** 14 Retail Sales and Services 15 Other Retail 16 737.40 Sales and <u>P_</u> § 790.102 <u>P_</u> 17 Services [Not 18 Listed Below] 19 <u>737.41</u> 20 Bar § 790.22 <u>P_</u> 21 *737.42* Full-Service 22 *§ 790.92* \underline{P} Restaurant 23 24 737.43 Large Fast Food *§ 790.90* 25 Restaurant

1			·	·		
1 2 3	<u>737.44</u> -	Small Self- Service	<u>§ 790.91</u>	<u>P</u>		
		<u>Restaurant</u>	***************************************			
4 5	<u>737.45</u> -	Liquor Store	<u>§ 790.55</u>	<u>P</u>		_
6 7	<u>737.46</u> -	Movie Theater	<u>§ 790.64</u>	<u>P</u>		
8 9 10	<u>737.47</u>	Adult Entertainment	§ 790.36			
11 12	<u>737.48</u> -	Other Entertainment	§ 790.38	<u>P</u>		
13 14	<u>737.49</u> -	<u>Financial</u> <u>Service</u>	<u>§ 790.110</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>C</u>	
15 16	<u>737.50</u> -	Limited Financial Service	§ 790.112	<u>P</u>		
17 18	<u>737.51</u>	Medical Service	§ 790.114	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
19 20	<u>737.52</u>	Personal Service	<u>§ 790.116</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
21 22 23 24	<u>737.53</u>	Business or Professional Service	§ 790.108	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
24 25	<u>737.54</u>	<u>Massage</u>	§ 790.60, §	<u>C</u>	horman	- Contraction of the Contraction

	Establishment	1900 Health Code		T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	
737.55	Tourist Hotel	§ 790.46	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
737.56	<u>Automobile</u>	§§ 790.8,	<u>C</u>		<u>C</u>
-	<u>Parking</u>	<u>156, 160</u>		<u>C_</u>	<u> </u>
737.57	Automotive Gas Station	<u>§ 790.14</u>	<u>C</u>		
737.58	Automotive Service Station	§ 790.17	<u>C</u>		
<u>737.59</u>	Automotive Repair	§ 790.15	<u>C</u>		. :
737.60	<u>Automotive</u> <u>Wash</u>	<u>§ 790.18</u>	мана	,	***************************************
<u>737.61</u> -	Automobile Sale or Rental	§ 790.12			
737.62	Animal Hospital	<u>§ 790.6</u>	<u>C</u> .		
737.63	Ambulance Service	<u>§ 790.2</u>			
<u>737.64</u> -	<u>Mortuary</u>	§ 790.62			
737.65	Trade Shop	<u>§ 790.124</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>C</u>	

<u>737.66</u>	<u>Storage</u>	<u>§ 790.117</u>		***************************************	
<u>737.67</u> -	<u>Video Store</u>	<u>§ 790.135</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	
<u>Institutio</u>	ns and Non-Retail S	ales and Service	25		
<u>737.70</u>	Administrative Service	<u>§ 790.106</u>			
737.80	Hospital or Medical Center	<u>§ 790.44</u>		-	_
<u>737.81</u> -	Other Institutions, Large	<u>§ 790.50</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>C</u> _	<u>C</u>
<u>737.82</u>	Other Institutions, Small	§ 790.51	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>737.83</u>	Public Use	<u>§ 790.80</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u> _	<u>C</u> _
<u>737.84</u> -	Medical Cannabis Dispensary	<u>§ 790.141</u>	<u>P#</u> ·		
RESIDE	NTIAL STANDARDS	S AND USES			
<i>737.90</i>	Residential Use	<u>§ 790.88</u>	P, except C for frontages	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
.1		·			

			1		,
1	_			<u>listed in 145.4</u>	
2				No residential density limit	by lot area.
3				Density restricted by physic	cal envelope
4				controls of height, bulk, set	backs, open space,
5	<u>737.91</u>	Residential	<u>§§ 207,</u>	exposure and other applica	ble controls of this
6	757.71	Density,	<u>207.1,</u>	and other Codes, as well as	s by applicable
7	***	Dwelling Units	790.88(a)	design guidelines, applicab	le elements and
8				area plans of the General H	Plan, and design
9				review by the Planning Dep	oartment.
11				<u>§ 207.4, 207.6</u>	
12				No group housing density l	imit by lot area.
13		***		Density restricted by physic	cal envelope
14				controls of height, bulk, set	
15	737.92	Residential	§§ 207.1,	exposure and other applica	
16		Density, Group	790.88(b)	and other Codes, as well as	· - •
17		Housing		design guidelines, applicab	
18				area plans of the General F review by the Planning Dep	······
19				§ 208	arimeni.
20		Usabla Once		<u> </u>	
21	<u>737.93</u>	<u>Usable Open</u> <u>Space [Per</u>	§§ 135, 136	Generally, either 100 sq. ft.	if private or 133
22	107.75	Space 1 er 	<u> </u>	sq. ft. if common § 135(d)	
23	-	**************************************	-	54. jt. ej common y 155(t)	••••
24	737.94	Off-Street	§§ 150, 153-	P up to one car for each un	it: NP above
25	13/./7		XX 4 2 V , 1 V J -	i up to one car jor each un	vv, 111 WOUVE.

	Parking, Residential	<u>-157, 159</u> 160, 204.5	§ 151.1, 166, 167, 145.1		
<u>737.95</u>	Community Residential Parking	§ 790.10	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>

SPECIFIC PROVISIONS FOR THE OCEAN AVENUE NCT DISTRICT

TABLE INSET:

Article 7 Code Section	Other Code Section	Zoning Controls
<u>§ 737.84 §</u> <u>790.141</u>	Health Code § 3308	Medical cannabis dispensaries in the Ocean Avenue NCT District may only operate between the hours of 8 a.m. and 10 p.m.

SEC. 781.3. OCEAN AVENUE FAST FOOD SUBDISTRICT.

In order to preserve the mix and variety of goods and services provided to the Ingleside and Westwood

Park neighborhoods and City residents and prevent further proliferation of restaurant uses, and

prevent further aggravation of parking and traffic congestion in this district, there shall be an Ocean

Avenue Fast Food Subdistrict, generally applicable for the NC-2 zoned portion of Ocean Avenue

located between Phelan Avenue and Manor Drive, as designated on Sectional Map 12SU of the Zoning

Map. The following provisions shall apply within such subdistrict:

(a) Large fast-food restaurants and small self-service restaurants, as defined in Sections 790.90 and 790.91 of this Code, respectively, shall not be permitted in this subdistrict.

1	(b) Except as otherwise provided, the provisions of Sections 186 through 186.1 of this Code shall
2	govern small and large fast food restaurants which existed lawfully at the effective date of this Code in
3	this subdistrict.
4	(c) Notwithstanding Section 186.1, where a large fast food restaurant or a small self-service
5	restaurant is situated on a lot (the "subject lot") located in the Ocean Avenue Fast Food Subdistrict and
6	where the subject lot is located immediately adjacent to a lot also containing a large fast-food
7	restaurant or small self-service restaurant (the "adjacent lot"), the subject lot may be altered by the
8	addition of a drive up facility as defined in Section 790.30, upon approval of a conditional use
9	application, provided that any existing structure on the adjacent lot which is currently devoted to use as
10	a large fast-food restaurant or small self-service restaurant is demolished pursuant to permit. The
11	adjacent lot may be used for the drive up facility for the business on the subject lot, and for related
12	parking and queuing functions.
13	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
14	DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney
15	By: Jol 17 Ma V
16	/ohի D. Malamut Deputy City Attorney
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City and County of San Francisco Tails

City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

Ordinance

File Number:

090181

Date Passed:

Ordinance amending the San Francisco Planning Code by adding and amending various sections to implement the Balboa Park Station Area Plan, running the length of Ocean Avenue generally from Manor Drive to San Jose Avenue, including properties adjacent to Geneva Avenue from Ocean Avenue to San Jose Avenue and properties adjacent to San Jose Avenue from Mt. Vernon Avenue to Ocean Avenue, and including the City College of San Francisco Phelan campus and San Francisco Public Utilities Commission property adjacent to Phelan Avenue; adopting the Balboa Park Station Area Plan impact fee subject to certain restrictions; and making various findings, including environmental findings and findings of consistency with the General Plan and priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1.

March 31, 2009 Board of Supervisors — PASSED ON FIRST READING

Ayes: 11 - Alioto-Pier, Avalos, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Daly, Dufty, Elsbernd, Mar, Maxwell, Mirkarimi

April 7, 2009 Board of Supervisors - FINALLY PASSED

Ayes: 11 - Alioto-Pier, Avalos, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Daly, Dufty, Elsbernd, Mar, Maxwell, Mirkarimi

File No. 090181

Date Approved

I hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was FINALLY PASSED on April 7, 2009 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

ngela Calvillo

erk of the Board

layor Gavin Newsom